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Time and fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.

The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE

Bombay Gazette.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

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Sailing 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
24th Apl.	MOREA	11000		
1st May	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9508
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558		
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
22nd "	EGYPT	7912		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	7911
5th June	ARABIA	7903		
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	VICTORIA	6522
19th "	OCEANA	6810		
26th "	HIMALAYA	6898	MOOLTAN	9631
3rd July	PERSIA	7951		
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
17th "	HIMALAYA	6898		
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
31st "	EGYPT	7912		
7th Augt.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	ARABIA	7903		
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
28th "	OCEANA	6810		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
ZORBEBE	5,423	A. Foresti	1st May 1909
BOHEMIA	7,362	M. Dadesovich	15th May 1909
AFRICA	4,750	F. Badessich	1st June 1909

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain	To sail about
WORMWARTH	5,990	B. Belnarz	27th Apr. 1909
AUSTRIA	7,586	E. Cobol	29th May 1909

" Will call at Karachi.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years.

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Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 3 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers' Season (March, April and May) all the Steamers of the direct Line will call on their Homeward voyages first at Venice and then at Trieste.

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FRANZ FERDINAND	6,046	E. Nitsche	27th April 1909.

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Agent,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Coy
Hanson House 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

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INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route—via. about
LHASA	3,171	Mon 26th Apr.	11 a.m.	P D & Co
KASARA	1,195	Thur 22nd Apr.	9 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie.
LINGA	3,171	Fri. 23rd Apr.	6 a.m.	† (direct)

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie,
† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer,

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. AFRICA," 2,030 tons, 22th Apr. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein and Bushire,

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on THURSDAY, 22nd Apr. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. " LANDAURA," 3,300 tons, sailing on or about 1st May.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

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20th April, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,685	Boyer	13th May 1909,
AUSTRALIEN	6,345	Riquier	10th June "
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnen	8th July "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	5th Aug. "
NERA	5,518	X	2nd Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,685	Boyer	30th Sept. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THEN FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnen	22nd Apl, 1909.
VILLE de la CIOTA	6,378	Barillon	21st May "

For further particulars apply to—

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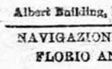

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE

(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

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D. BALDUINO	4,500	D. Maganzini	15th May 1909
R. RUBATTINO	4,500	L. Mancini	15th June 1909,

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	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
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Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
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CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th June 1909,

Excellent first-class accommodation. Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

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16, CHARING CROSS LONDON.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

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Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,468,244-55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

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Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	

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F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt. Chairman. (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggar.
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khatsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAY, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sawlai Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C.I.E.

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INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed

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The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... " 15,500 000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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Changchung	Lyons	San Francisco	
Chefoo	Pengtien (Mukden)	Shanghai	
Dairen (Daley)	Nagasaki	Tientsin	
Hankow	Newchwang	Tsingtau	
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo	
Hongkong	Osaka		
Kobe	Port Arthur (Port Arthur)		
London			

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BOMBAY BRANCH:—

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Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY. *Manager.*

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BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

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PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 700,000

HEAD OFFICE:

7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay.	Tuticorin.	Aden (Camp.)
Madras.	Chittagong	Aden, (Steamer Point.)
Karachi.	Rangoon.	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore.	Mandalay.	Mombasa
Lahore	Colombo.	Nairobi.
Amritsar.	Kandy.	Entebbe.

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Ag. Manager.

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LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.

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CAPITAL.....£ 6,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 796,815

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Manager.

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Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 14,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... £ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. S. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE

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CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).

A. M. TOWNSEND, } *London Managers*
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CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: DUN & B.C. (5TH EDITION).

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'; otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, early and premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, hysteria, scurf, scurvy, scrofula or Derbyshire neck, its symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, chronic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them as unprincipled vendors often try to pass off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and speedy cure for self-cure ever discovered for the permanent relief of nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary complaints, secondary symptoms, &c. Every sufferer should get and peruse this book, which will enable him to enroll himself of its contents. Post free six penny stamps (English or Colonial), from the Secretary, VETARZO ESTABLISHMENT, 8, Bank Place, Chancery Lane, London, W.C., or of all Chemists. Price 2/9 and 4/6 per bottle. Post Free.

Sole Agents: **GRIMBLE'S**

AND DEPOT FOR India & Burma,

MALT VINEGAR.

A. DE'SOUZA & CO.

P. O. Box 244,

BOMBAY.

LONDON & EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1640.

FORD'S GOLD MEDAL ABSORBENT BLOTTING

Our Name and Trade Mark is a guarantee to the Public of the Highest Quality only.

FORD 428 MILL.

To be obtained of all Stationers.

A LUXURIOUS ECONOMY.

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. *Machinery orders are executed by an expert.*

7 WHITEFRIARS STREET, TELEGRAMS
KEYMER LONDON, LONDON

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOOVLDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE SASSOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 35 per Share, free of income Tax, for the year ending 31st December, 1908, has been declared and will be paid to the Shareholders on the Register on the 15th day of April, 1909, at the Company's office No. 8, Forbes Street, Fort, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of April, 1909, between the hours of 11-30 A. M. and 3-30 P. M. (S.T.), on production of their Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board,
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.,
A. G. DOVEY, Manager,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 15th April, 1909.

THE PHŒNIX MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 6 per Share, free of Incometax, for the Year ended 31st December, 1908, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 49-51 Apollo Street, Fort, on and after THURSDAY, the 29th day of April, 1909, to Shareholders, whose names appear on the Register on this day, on production of Share Certificates.

TULLOCKCHUND & SHAPOORJI,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 14th April, 1909.

APPLICATIONS are INVITED by the 30th April 1909, for admission to the Central Police Training School at Nasik, in accordance with the conditions published on pages 548-52 Part I, of the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 16th April, 1908.

M. KENNEDY,
Inspector-General of Police.

THE DAVID MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplande Road, on FRIDAY, the 23rd April, 1909, at 3 P.M. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1908.

To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

To confirm the appointment made by the Board, of Mr. R. M. Nissim, as a Director.

To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

To elect two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd April, to the 8th May, 1909, both days inclusive.

By Order.
SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th April 1909.

THE STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplanade Road, on FRIDAY, the 23rd April, 1909, at 3-15 P.M. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1908.

To sanction the declaration of a dividend.

To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. R. M. Nissim as a Director.

To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

To elect two Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd April to the 8th May, 1909, both days inclusive.

By Order.
SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th April, 1909.

TO SMOKERS ONLY.

HIGH CLASS INDIAN CIGARS

Manufactured by the leading Cigar Manufacturers of India:—
SPENCER AND CO., LD.
MC DOWELL AND CO., LD.
OAKES AND CO., LD.
The best in Dutch Havanas, and Real Manilla Cigars.

A choice selection of
FRESH EGYPTIAN and AMERICAN CIGARETTES, TOBACCOS, and SMOKERS' REQUISITES always in Stock.
PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

ORIENTAL CIGAR CO.,
69, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAMES fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting —
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 15, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT ARGYLE ROAD.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will put up for sale by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 21st April, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Dayabhai Cullianji, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagers, Messrs. Toolsidas Dharamsey, and Cusandas Balgowandas, in pursuance of the power of Sale, given to the mortgagee, under the indenture of mortgage, bearing date, the 5th March, 1906, the undermentioned landed property:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of leasehold tenure, belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay on the Elphinstone Land Estate, with the incomplete building standing thereon, situate at Argyle Road, in the City of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 456 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under No. 3186, and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 4793, and Street No. 118-124, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north, by the land of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay now leased to Aba Hajee Tar Mahmad Salley, on or towards the south by Cooria Street, on or towards the east by the Argyle Road, on or towards the west by the land belonging to Bombay Port Trust, leased to Canji Ladha and Seerji Jaitha.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy & Co., Solicitors, Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 21st April, 1909.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOCATION

TO-NIGHT	THE MAIDAN. OPPOSITE ELPHINSTONE SCHOOL.	TO-NIGHT

TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY.
TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY.
7 TO 8-30 AND 9-30 TO 11 P. M.

5600 FEET OF PICTURES	PRESENTED AT EACH SHOW.	5000 FEET OF PICTURES
MIDDLETON'S MOVING PICTURES.	BURNS SQUIRES FIGHT FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD.	
MIDDLETON'S MOVING PICTURES.		
MIDDLETON'S MOVING PICTURES.	A THRILLING WAR STORY THE GIRL DESPATCH BEARER.	
MIDDLETON'S MOVING PICTURES.		

THOUSANDS OF FEET OF OTHER SUBJECTS.
MATCHLESS IN CONCEPTION AND BRILLIANCY.
PRICES AS USUAL. PLAN AT SOUNDY & Co.

G. I. P. R. MECHANICS INSTITUTE, PAREL.
GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL IN ILLUMINATED GARDEN
OF THE INSTITUTE.
(LAST OF SEASON)

THURSDAY, APRIL 22ND, 1909.
9-30 P. M. (S.T.)
Prizes will be given—4 for Ladies and 4 for Gentlemen.
Cards with names and costumes should be handed in at Entrance gate.
ADMISSION.—Rs. 3, Gentleman and Lady,
(Extra Ladies, Re. 1 each.)
By kind permission of the Officer Commanding, The DRUMS and FIFES of the 1ST Bn., GLOSTER REGIMENT
Will perform during the evening between the dances.
ELECTRIC TRAM SERVICE.
SPECIAL CARS will run from Parel to the City.
The first Car will leave Parel at 1-30 A. M. for Grants Buildings, others as ordered. Tickets 8 Annas each.
Tickets can be had from the Librarian, Central Library, Victoria Terminus, Librarian, Parel, or at the Door.

A. R. L. HARRISON,
Honorary Secretary.

FANCY FETE
IN AID OF
THE BOMANJI DINSHAW PETIT PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

THIS DAY being a SPECIAL DAY of the FETE Entrance will be by DAY TICKETS only. COUPONS and COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS will not admit. Exhibitors' Passes will not cover their families. Only persons actually in attendance on the Stalls will be admitted.

FANCY FETE
IN AID OF
THE BOMANJEE DINSHAW PETIT PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

EXTRA DAY!
EXTRA DAY!!
WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST INSTANT,
"COME AND HEAR
THE LITTLE VOLUNTEERS PLAY."
MASSED 10 BANDS.

1. Gloster Regiment.
2. 110th Light Infty.
3. 116th Mahratta Infty.
4. 123rd Outram's Rifles.
5. G. I. P.
6. B. B. & C. I.
7. Drums and Fifes
8. Bugle Band.
9. Pipe Band.
10. B. C. Vol: St. Mary's College.

ADMISSION TO FETE, Re 1.
"NOTE".—COUPONS ARE NOT available for THIS DAY.
Sailors and Soldiers in uniform half price.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH AND MOUNTAIN SLIDE,
MAIDAN.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GRAND ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.
SHOWING THE LATEST NOVELTIES.
3 PERFORMANCES EVERY NIGHT.
4 PERFORMANCES ON SATURDAYS.
PRICES AS USUAL.

THE SIRHIND OPEN BOXING TOURNAMENT
will be held in the
TOWN HALL, SIMLA.
COMMENCING ON THE 7TH JUNE.
Full particulars will be published immediately.

J. M. WRATISLAW, Captain,
Honorary Secretary.

Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO., Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM."
Telephone No. 1076.

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order, and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs L. ALMEIDA. Girgaum, Bombay.

DR. W. COOK, M.A., M.D., writes:—"KADI" saved a life in Bronchitis, as there was every indication of speedy death. Dr. C. S. writes from LONDON:—"A 6 months' bedridden case of ASTHMA was relieved at once by "KADI" and in 8 days was as well as usual." (Original Testimonials open to inspection). "Kadi" is wonderful for COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS and PNEUMONIA. Rs. 1-8-0.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Opps. "Bombay Club," Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 8 Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance, Rs. 10. Single copy Annas 4." Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street.

EDUCATION.—LADY living in healthy part of England and having one little girl, aged 10, would like charge of one more. Good day school. Terms moderate. Excellent references.—W, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates, Price Re. 1. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ENVELOPES.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercials" Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and it printed on flap, Rs. 2-12 per thousand. Samples on application to "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office

FOR PLEASURE TRIPS to Elephanta Caves, harbour excursions, towing, etc., always available a fast powerful Steam Launch. Apply F. NASARWANJI and Co., 9-10, Elphinstone Circle.

FOR SALE.—A large number of PARKER LUCKY CURVE FOUNTAIN PENS fitted with gold nibs. The best and cleanest pen in the market. Prices on application to "A. B. C.", C/o, this Paper.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY MUIR & Co., Bombay.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Charge. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Grooms and Malemedan Servants whom we guarantee. For Bombay Rs. 7, Moffusil Rs. 8 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 21, Ch. G. Rd, (First Floor), Fort, Bombay. Established 1873

GUARANTEE.—"Grab and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Grab, Wrecks, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh Re 1 Apply Box No. 405, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 538, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

IRONSTONE BURGUNDY.—Are you in want of a tonic or restorative, if so Ironstone Burgundy will put new life into you. Rs. 1-4 per bot. Rs 13-8 per dozen. PHILLIPS & Co.

JOB PRINTING,—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Bhatia Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. R. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 404 c/o Bombay Gazette" Office.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete exchange of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL AND SONS' ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON will be CLOSED from TODAY, and the Stock, &c., TRANSFERRED to the HEAD OFFICES, at Secunderabad (Deccan), where orders and enquiries will receive the usual prompt attention.

RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co.'s Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 3 annas.

REPORTS, Patitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5, Apply Box No, 408, c/o. "Bombay Gazette" office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to Enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE" LIMITED, No. 12A, Mission Row Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2, Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

TO LET.—OFFICE PREMISES with Electric Fittings, on 1st Floor, Cox's Building. Apply to COX and Co., Hornby Road.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorus: Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 16. Apply Box No. 407, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office

WE had no fault to find with the GYMKHANA HOTEL, Matheran, which is VERY COMFORTABLE and the Manager most kind.—(Sd.) A. EVANS GORDON, General.

WANTED.—AN experienced qualified MIDWIFE and NURSE for the Civil Hospital at Murud-Janjira, on a monthly salary of Rs. 40, with free quarters. Apply with testimonials to the DEWAN OF JANJIRA.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE GOOD POULTRY. Furnish particulars early, with prices, to Box No. 1240 care of "Bombay Gazette."

YOUR ADDRESS, PLEASE,
FOR A CATALOGUE OF OUR
NUMEROUS VALUABLE PRESENTS
Which we offer for nought to
All at their own choice!!!
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
JAMNAGAR, KATHIAWAR.

NOTICE.

MRS. JAMES HASK (formerly Miss Bonar) having REMOVED from Edinburgh to Elmswood, 52, Crystal Palace Park Road, Sydenham, London, S. E., will be glad to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE of and Superintend the Education of CHILDREN whose parents are in India and abroad. For Particulars apply Bombay Gazette Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hornby Road, Fort, the valuable surplus stock of Messrs. John Roberts and Co., consisting of glassware, porcelain ware, furnitures, iron and brass bedstead, lamp, furniture, tapestry and cretonne, etc.

The above will be on view two days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Breach Candy Warden Road, next to the Temple the valuable and handsome black and teakwood dining-room, drawing-room, office and bedroom furniture by Wimbridge, Roberts, Mackenzie and others, such as set of dining table, and chairs, mirrored large sideboard, dumbwaiter, drawing-room sofas, chairs and easy chairs, cabinets, chiffionier, bed-steads, single and double mirror door almirae, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, first rate full sized slate Billiard tables by Thurston, with balls, cues, etc., sweet-toned square piano, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, English large size stove, soda machine, standing table and hanging lamps, Persian carpets, rich table ornaments, pictures, rich glassware and crockeryware, best plated ware, Garden plants, garden roller, water tank, grass cutting machine, etc., the property of G. F. Horbury Esq. and others.

The property of another gentleman:—
1 handsome Simpson's Park Victoria in good order.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable landed properties at Doongri, near the Doongri Bazar.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Damji Somji and others insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the days and at the time mentioned below the right, title and interest of the abovenamed Insolvents in the following valuable landed properties on the premises.

Lot No. 1.

On Tuesday, the 4th May, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All those two pieces or parcels of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate lying and being on the East side of Umerkhady Road in the island of Bombay and in the registration district and sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 308 square yards, or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the north by the property of Damji Somji, on or towards the South by the property of Damji Jairaj, on or towards the East by the Dongri Street, and on or towards the West by Omerkhadi Road and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under B Ward No. 3063, 3319 and West by Umerkhadi Road and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under B Ward No. 3068, 3319 and Street No. 689-92 Dongri Street and No. 95 Umerkhadi Road were formerly in the occupation of the said Damji Somji and others.

Lot No. 2.

On WEDNESDAY, the 5th May, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land containing by admeasurement 10½ 2-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B. Ward No. 3438, and Street Nos. 21-22, and all which premises are situate at and on the western side of Jail Road South, at Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the east by the said Jail Road South, on or towards the West, North and South by the properties of the said Damji Somji and others.

Lot No. 3.

On THURSDAY, the 6th May, 1909, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All those two pieces or parcels of Fazendari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at Jail Road, South, or otherwise called Imamwada Road, South side, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 201 square yards be the same, little more or less, and bounded on the east by a passage, on or towards the west by the property of Gulam Mohidin Bin Dadoo Meya Fussatay, on or towards the north by the said Jail Road, South, and on the south by the house of the said Damji Somji Natha, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under B. Ward No. 3437 and 3436, and Street Nos. 15-20 and 12-14.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 21st April, 1909.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

SALE OF JEWELLERY advertised to take place To-day is Postponed until further notice.

SALE OF PEARLS advertised to take place To-morrow has been Postponed until further notice.

AUCTION SALE OF CORRUGATED IRON SHEDS.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant, at 4 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises.—

The Carrugated Iron Sheds except the Sterilizer Shed, standing on the Colaba Hospital Ground, at Victoria Bunder, Colaba.

On SATURDAY the 24th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 Second-hand rubber-tyred palanquine office Shigram in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.
1 bay arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

On TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Roosevelt House," opposite the Green's Mansion, Apollo Bunder, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved made to order household furniture of the latest design, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back sideboards and dumb waiters, handsome drawingroom cabinets, marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, made to order Almyras, Zoonda cupboard, large screen, sewing machine, open carved drawingroom suit, carved writing table, rich ornaments, typewriter, bicycles, ice box, etc., etc., the property of G. D. Pudumji, Esqr., proceeding to England and others.

The property of another gentleman.

One very roomy and comfortable Vis-a-Vis lately done up and in thorough good order.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF A DIAMOND RING.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgager Mahomed Safdarkhan of Radhanpur:

One diamond ring.

AUCTION SALE OF PIECE GOODS.

On THURSDAY the 29th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Mooljee Jaitha Market, in Cooria Spinning and Weaving Mills shop, Gaomookh Galli, by order of Cooria Mills Co., Lt., and on account and risk of Mathuradas Manji.

11 bales 33 by 30 yards Nakhi Finish Shirtings No. 1000.
1 bale 33 by 30 yards Bara Furdi Nakhi Finish Shirting No. 750/12.
1 bale 35 by 30 yards. Nakhi Finish Shirting.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 21st April, 1909.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ltd."

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.
THE
Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT
Sold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

HAIG & HAIG'S THREE STARS WHISKY.
Rs. 2-8 per bottle.
TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
and All Wine Merchants.
SOLE AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

Beware of Ambiguous Advertisements.
Have your Eyes been examined by a qualified man?

If not, consult DR. DINSHAW DASTOOR, Surgeon-Oculist, (London.)
"A Thoroughly able and qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon and a neat and skilful operator" as certified to in writing by the Senior Surgeons and Professors of London Eye Hospitals.
Eyes will be examined (free of charge) to correct Errors of Refraction.
STOCK:—Of latest improved styles.
PRICES:—Exceedingly moderate.
CAUTION:—This is the only Original firm of
DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & CO.,
56, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
Oppt. "The Bombay Club," and next door to the Fine Art Gallery.

You want Beautiful Teeth
—for health's sake, for beauty's sake. It is quite easy to have pure white and beautiful teeth; to keep them in perfect condition; arrest decay.
All you require is a good brush and
Rowland's Odonto
"For Your Teeth."
It thoroughly cleanses the teeth and leaves a delightful fragrance in the mouth. It contains no grit.
Buy it, because it's best. 2/6 at your own chemists, Rowland and Sons, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has a Tyrrel reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, such as

SCROFULA, SCURVY, ECZEMA, BLOOD POISON, ULCERS, SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	BAD LEGS, BLOTCHES, SPOTS, BLACKHEADS PIMPLES, AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE: This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
The annals of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
"Mr. F. H. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit, until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 18, 1903.
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—We have seen heaps of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the Family Doctor the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."
Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
ASK FOR...
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA, GEST, HUNGARY.

FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty upper storied HOUSE, at Bangalore, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 538, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

W. CROWDER & CO., Ltd.
IMPORTERS OF
WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY
AND
SAW MILL SUPPLIES.
Wood Trimmers.
Saw Benches, Band Saws,
Mitreing Machines, Mortisers,
Pendulum Saws, Hand Jointers
Dimension Saws,
Grinding and Sharpening Machines
ETC.
SHOWROOM:
4 Sirdar's Palace Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.
Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line.
Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line, Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

FOR SALE.
COTTAGE PIANO, by Knake.....Rs. 3
PIANO STOOL.....,,
A. C. RUMBOLL,
21, Marine Lines.

FOR SALE.
KITTY LODGE, the well-known Bungalow furniture at Matheran. Centrally situ with Westerly facing, close to Superintend Office, Post Office, Station, and Charlotte L Apply between 1 and 5 p.m. (S.T.) to SHAPO JEE N. GHADABHOY, F. R. I. B. A., Archi Markur's Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

FOR SALE.
BUNGLOW, known as RAMACHAND HALL, with Stables, Out-houses, Garden, CHAWLS near it, near Tardeo Bridge, Ar Road. Total area 10,478 Sq. Yards. Estim price Rs. 150,000. For further particulars apply the Undersigned, in the said Bunglow.
K. M. PHATAK,
Member, Court of Wards, Gwalior Durbar,
In charge of the Estat
Ramachandra Hall, 18th April, 1909.

FOR SALE,
ORLEANS CAR seated for Five, 4-Cylin 12-15 H. P. Always driven by ow Completely overhauled in good running condit Stepney wheel — Speedomitor &c., Rs. 3 Apply to.—
Lt-Col. GOLLIE,
Malabar Hill, Bombay

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
TO BE LET.—At Varsowa, via Andheri UPPER SLOREYED FURNISHED B GALOW, with Six large Bed Rooms and Rooms, 2 large Halls and one large Dining R with vernadah all round, with Oat Houses, Kit Stabling, etc., with large garden and compo open to sea shore. For furthur Particulars appl
Messrs. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
17, Bank Street, Fo

TO BE LET.
LARGER portion of an Excellent FLAT, centrally situated, within easy reach of Taj Mahal Hotel, Green's Restaurant and W housa Bridge. Tiled flooring throughout. Fi with Electric lights and fans and modern sani arrangements. Large bright rooms and Serv quarters. Kitchen fitted with English stove. Rs. per mensem. Apply early to Box No. 1433, of the "Bombay Gazette."

TO LET.
FOR Six months, occupant going to the H FURNISHED RESIDENCE, at 17 Colaba. A self-contained house—Stabling, Outhou etc., with compound back and front, Four Roo two Bathrooms, Dining-room, and Veran (glazed) used as Drawing-room. Rent Rs. Apply Box No. 1434, care this paper.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL
FACING THE SEA
FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscription.	Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	,, 13 12	,, 11 0
Quarterly	,, 7 8	,, 6 0
Monthly	,, 2 8	,, 2 8

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly	,, 20 0	,, 16 0
Quarterly	,, 10 10	,, 8 8
Monthly	,, 3 12	,, 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.
* For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette" See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.
For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Chances, Situations Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ...	Rs. 1-0-0
Each succeeding line... ...	,, 0-4-0

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.
THE Charge for Announcements of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re. 2 for six lines or less and Eight Annas for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion	,, 3-8 do.
Third Insertion... ...	,, 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	,, 2-8 do.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, APRIL 19, 1909.] [BOMBAY, APRIL 20, 1909.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols... ...	85 2/16	5/8	
do. Rentes	97 1/2		un chg'd
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	99 1/4	5/8	
2½ do. Govt Securities....	62 5/8		un chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	23 9/16		1/16
do. do. 2 months' hence	23 9/16		1/16
do. in New York ...	51 1/8		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·16		un chgd
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·46	1/8	
do. do. do. New York.	4·87 3/4		un chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate.	2 1/2		Since 1st April.
do Short London Bills			un chgd
do. 3 months' sight.	1 3/8		un chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
do. 6 months' sight...	1 5/8		un chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 1/8		un chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	2 1/4		un chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	3/4		un chgd
do. 7-day Market Loans...	1		un chgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 25/32d. unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.).—77s. 9 1-4d. unchgd.
* Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—
Spots ... ...Good demand steady.
Futures ... ... Steady.
East Indian ... ... Quiet.
Manchester ... ... Steady.
Total Sales 10,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 1,000
Imports 3,000
Mid-Americans ... ... 5·55+03
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... ... 8 1-4 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices:—

Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
5·37	5·37	5·40	5·43	5·40
—03	—03	—04	—04	—03
Sept.-Oct.	**Oct.-Nov.**	**Nov.-Dec.**	**Dec.-Jan.**	
5·39	5·37	5·35	5·34	
—02	—02	—03	—03	

NEW YORK:—
Receipts at U. S. Ports ... ... 31,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ... ... 9,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ... 1,000 "
Do to Continent ... ... 5,000 "
Spot Cotton—10·65—10
Futures—Month of May 10·28—13 } Advanced early on favorable cables and declined later owing to longs unloading.
Do. do. July 10·30—13 }
NEW ORLEANS:—
Spot Cotton—10 5-16 unchgd.
Futures—Month of May ... 10·25—14
Do. do. July ... 10·13—15
Closing Tone of Futures—Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C. I. F.—13 June-July—London—Done.
Tone of Wheat—Easier.
Wheat Afloat for U. K. Qrs. 3,200,000.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED:—
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship 45 April-May—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet.
LINSEED:—
Bombay, per 416lbs., ex-ship 46 3-8 April-May—Hamburg—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed.—Firm.
Linseed Argentine La Plata—13 5-8—April-May—Hamburg—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE:
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality).—8 1-4 unchgd.
RUBBER:—
Para Rubber, 5s. 4 1-4d. Value.
ARRIVALS:—
"Rinaldo."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [20TH APRIL, 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	2,30,140	Melbourne	Chartered Bank
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	1,51,488	Freemantle	National Bank
1 Bundle Rupees.	2,000	Linga	Hongkong Bank
1 Box Silver Bullions	2,326	Hongkong	Hongkong Bank
1 Case Sovs	10,500	Jeddah	The B & P S N Co
18 Packages Sovs	1,59,765	Jeddah	Sundry Importers
Gold Coins ...	44,363		
Rupees	9,120		
1 Box Gold Coins	10,071	Hodeida	C Khushal
1 Bundle Sovs ...	45	Busreh	A M Meer
Rupees	1,655		
3 Boxes Govt. Treasure	...	Cutch-Bhuj	Asst.-Acct.-Genl.-in-charge, Reserve Treasury
4 Boxes uncurrent Coins.....	...	Aden	Mint Master

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL

on 17th & 18th April, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	42	59,048
B.B. & C.I. Railway.	57	69,975

FINANCIAL.

BANK RATES:—
Bank of England... 2½ per cent. from 1st April
Bank of Bengal ... 7 per cent. " 18th March
Bank of Bombay... 7 per cent. " 14th Jan.
Bank of Madras ... 8 per cent. " 28th Jan.
MONEY:—
There are borrowers for two months fixed at 4 1-2 per cent. per annum.
EXCHANGE:—
The market is unchanged but the tone is firm at 1 3 15-16 T. T. at which there is very little enquiry. Most Banks also quote demand at 1 3 15-16 but there is not much difficulty about getting 1-32 better with business. The general rate for credits is 1 4 1 16 for 3 months' sight, but some Banks refuse to work at under 1 4 3-32. Bills however are very scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.
We quote:—

T. T. on London ...	1s. 3 15-16d.
Demand Draft ...	1s. 3 15-16d. to 31-32
Credits—3 months' sight ..	1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32
Do 6 months' sight...	1s. 4 1-32.
Do 2 months' sight—France	168 3-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	137 1-2
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	130
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 3-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	173

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—
The market has been steady all day with very little business offering. In the morning the rates were 93 3-4 for cash and settlement and only a small business in the afternoon brought the quotation up to 93 13-16, the market being steady at the close.
We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 93·12
1st Settlement	" 93·13

BULLION:—
On Monday the price of Bar silver closed 1-16 down at 23 9-16 both for ready and forward delivery, and New York was 1-4 lower at 51 1-8. The local market opened steady at 60 9-16 ex duty for ready and forward delivery and at the close these quotations are 1-8 higher. Bar Gold is steady.
We quote:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	4	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	3	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	4	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	3	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	60	11	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	60	11	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...	60	11	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—
The weaker advices from the Home markets have caused an easier feeling here, and prices opened at about Rs. 2 lower all round. Except for Broach there has been little enquiry. Rates close as under.
Only a moderate business was done at Colaba in ready cotton, the enquiry being both from exporters and Mills. Prices were easier.

QUOTATIONS:—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	261	May.
Good M. G. Broach	251	March/1910
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti ...	246	May
Fine M. G. Damangaum-Pulgaon ...	240	"
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	235	"
Fine M. G. Amraoti...	235	"
Fine M. G. Muttia	230	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	235	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish	230-1	"
Fine M. G. Bengals	234/5	"
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...!	193	Jan. 1910
Good Westerns	235	May.
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar. ...	251	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—
Opening Tone ... ... Quiet
Estimated Sales ... ... 10,000 Bales.
Total Imports ... ... 8,000 "

Future Delivery Prices:—

Apl.-May	May.-June	June.-July	July.-Aug.
5·38	5·38	5·40	5·40
—01	—01	unchgd.	unchgd.
Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·39	5·38	5·36	5·34	5·33
—01	—01	—01	—01	—01

MISCELLANEOUS.

LINSEED:—
The market is quiet but steady with a moderate demand.
We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	7 14	6 B.T.
April-May	"	8 5	6 P.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is quiet but steady and we quote:—

Ready Brown Kutni ...	Rs.	6 14	0 B.T.
Ready Yellow Guzerat ...	"	7 10	0 B.T.
April-May, Brown-Delhi ...	"	7 10	0 R.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—
The market continues quiet but steady with very little doing.
We quote:—

Bold White 85 per cent.	Rs.	44	8 0
Yellow Hingunghat	"	53	8 0
Black Kutni	"	35	0 0

CASTORSEED:—

Ready	Rs.	30	0 0
Apl.-May	"	6	1 0 R.T.

Tone—Quiet but Steady.
POPPYSEED:—
April-May ... ... Rs. 9 12 0 R.T.
Tone—Easier.
COTTONSEED:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 24 0 0
Tone—Quiet but Steady.
WHEAT—
The market is quiet but steady and we quote as under:—

White Delhi, Apl-May ...	Rs.	6	4 6 R.T.
White Pessi, 85 per cent Apl.-May	6	9	0 "
Soft Red Ready	"	43	0 (per candy

THE SHARE MARKET.

BANKS:—

Bombay	1,467½
India	75
Indian Specie Bank	55

MILLS:—

Century	275 C. D.
Crescents	113 3/4
David	438 3/4
Kohinoor	745
Manockji Petit	3,200
New Great Eastern	205
Phœnix	98½
Textile	1,050

PRESSES:—

New Berar...	489
New Mofussil	670

MISCELLANEOUS:—

The Bombay E. S. & T. Co., Ltd. Ordinary	115
" " Preference	151
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordinary ...	340
Central India Mining	290
Colaba Land and Mill	1,085
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	15
Treacher and Co	635

RAILWAYS:—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	595
Tapti-Valley	423 3/4

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	11,022 bales.
Wheat	45,742 cwts.
Linseed	24,729 "
Rapeseed	21,725 "
Gingellyseed	593 "
Poppyseed...	10,574 "
Groundnuts	831 "
Castorseed...	10,722 "
Rice	15,146 "
Myrabollams	3,302 "
Cottonseed	18,583 "
Mowrasseed...	Nil "
Gram	6,615 "
Joowar	3,276 "
Maize	79 "

BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF EARNINGS.

	Earnings for Mar. 1909.	Increase or Decrease on same month last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.
Horse Traction	Nil	— 36,219	
Electric Do. ...	1,73,743	+ 53,996	+11·3
* Lighting and Power Supply	39,886	+ 10,293	+34·7
Total ...	2,13,629	+ 28,070	+15·1

	Total Earnings from 1st January 1909.	Increase or Decrease on same period last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Horse Traction	Nil.	— 1,30,577	
Electric Traction ...	4,94,139	+ 1,64,614	+7·3
* Lighting & Power Supply	1,08,453	+ 21,829	+25·2
Total ...	6,02,592	+ 55,866	+10·2

* Exclusive of Power supplied to the Tramways.

EARLIEST NOVELTIES

expressed in the form of

Ash Trays, Blotters, Butter Dishes, Cigarette Cases, Card Cases, Flower Pots, Hat Pin Stands, Inkstands

Letter Cases, Money Boxes, Pin Cushions, Smokers Sets, Shaving Mirrors, Teapots, Trays, Vases

Very different in style from previous importations.

Handkerchiefs in newest designs.

Visitors will find much that will interest and delight them in the way of artistic, original, combined with economy Designs.

Ensure the advantage of early comers.
Call to-day
AT
1, 2, 3
SHILLINGS STORES CO.,
59, ESPLANADE ROAD.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 19.

Exchange is firm. Bank D. D. is quoted at 1s 3 31-32d; Government Paper 3 1-2 per cent is at 93·13.

Coal—Auckland is quoted at 4 1-4; Barabeni, 16 1-4; Bhalgora, 17 1-2; Barakur (ord.) 14 1-4; Bassantee, Oakdeen, 2 9-16. Equitable (ord) 49; Gopalichuck, 13 3-4; Jumoni, 10 1-2; Kosoenda and Nyalee, 41 1-2; New Birbhoom. 44; New Kendah, 5 1-8; Raneegunge, 20 1-4. Jute.—Kankanarrah Co. (ord.) 146; Northbrook, (ord) 3-4, premium.

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

There is no change in Exchange which is steady. 3 1-2 per cent. Government paper is at 93·11.

Coal.—Bengal 895, Baraboni 16 3-4, Bhalgora 17 1-2, Bhuskajori 15 1-4, Borrea (old) 15, East Indian 230, Ghusick and Muslia 15 1-8, Jumoni 10 1-2, Katras Jherriah 77 1-4 (Cum Div), Kosoonda and Nyadee 42, New Birbhoom 45, Raneegunge 20 1-4 to 20.

Jute.—Fort Gloster (ord.) 134.

Tea.—Auction sale of 160 Central Cachar at 53-50; Long View at 43.

DAILY EXPORTS—APRIL 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—28 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 21 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 1,058 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee.

FOR LONDON.

Jerseymoor s—112 cwts dilseed, 252 cwts nuxvomica, N Morarjee; 87 cwts dry ginger, H Cursondas; 50 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co.

Moria s—16 bales skins, R M Kooka; 117 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co; 24 bales hides, H A Oomar; 11 bales carpets, S Megjie; 5 cases opium, P and O Co; 28 bales skins, E D Sassoon and Co; 10 bales skins, H M S T H G Mahomed and Co; 21 bales carpets, H G H Mahomed and Sons; 15 bales carpets, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—228 casks tallow, goats skins, C J Mathews and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—165 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 230 bales hemp, P Bhimji; 150 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons; 825 bales cotton, 4,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

Torrington s—241 bales cotton waste and fly, W Wolf and Sons; 500 bales cotton waste, C Piroj and Co; 112 bales hemp, D M Doongajee and Co; 4,300 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 40 cwts gum, J Marbheram; 4,360 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 212 bales cottonfly, K Visram and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—286 cwts gingellyseed John, Fachiri; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Morea s—2,566 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 7,000 cwts wheat, Shaw Wallace and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Scindia s—55 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Kt of Thistle s—1,000 cwts rapeseed, K Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, C Beggiano and Co; 355 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,100 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 300 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 2,902 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 5,000 cwts linseed and 3,013 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Worsley Hall s—5,624 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Netherbee s—55 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 260 bales cotton fly, W Wolf and Sons; 500 cwts myrabollams, T V and Godse Bros; 500 cwts linseed, Shaw Wallace and Co; 506 bales cotton, 2,500 cwts linseed and 1,000 cwts poppyseed, Ralli Bros; 404 cwts gum, 500 cwts myrabollams, P Jethabhoy.

Lindenfels s—1,500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 85 bales hemp, P Bhimjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Oceana s—19 cases opium, P and O Co.

Socotra s—1,900 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co.

E F Ferdinand; s—8 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 800 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Oceana s—1,000 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co; 1,200 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 806 bales twist Tata Sons and Co; 1,900 bales twist C Bhawanidas.

E F Ferdinand s—500 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

E F Ferdinand s—800 bales cotton, C Ibrahim and Co; 1,500 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 2,100 bales cotton, Sorabjie Kamjee and Co.

Socotra s—200 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,500 bales cotton, Ebrahim and Co; 500 bales cotton, K Gokuldas and Co.

Yeboshi Maru s—4 bales cotton The M B Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Socotra s—100 bales cotton, H N Madraswall and Co.

E F Ferdinand s—660 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Yeboshi Maru s—66 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Yeboshi Maru s—100 bales cotton, Vatchaghandy and Sons.

Socotra s—200 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co.; 200 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR HAIGHONG.

Socotra —100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

H. T. BINKS,

UNDERTAKER AND MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

KEMP'S "CHIRETTONES,"

The Great Remedy for Cold and Fever,
BETTER THAN QUININE.

Read the following Testimonial:—

ORIENTAL REVIEW OFFICES,
BOMBAY, 26*th February*, 1909.

MESSRS. KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

DEAR SIRS,

I feel I must write just a few lines to say how remarkably efficacious your Chirettones have proved themselves to me. There was a severe outbreak of Malaria in my Press a few weeks ago. I sent for 500 Chirettones from you and distributed them among my Compositors and other workmen and they have simply worked wonders. I would specially like to draw your attention to the case of my Head Compositor. Hardly a week passed when he had no malarial fever. I continuously dosed him with Chirettones for four weeks, and he is now, I am happy to say, free from fever.

Yours faithfully,
R. S. RUSTOMJEE,
Editor and Proprietor.

Kempy & Co Ld.
THE CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 18m. Sun sets, 6h. 57m. High water, 0·23m., Low water, 5·43m., 6·14s.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Native General Library, annual general meeting.
Insolvency Court: vacation sitting.
Fancy Fete, Oval; special day.
Middleton's Moving Pictures; opposite Elphinstone High School.
Aga Khan Hockey Tournament.
Hockey Matches, Gymkhana ground.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade.

Maxim: "Learn not to be over anxious about meeting troubles and solving difficulties which time will meet and solve for you.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—April 20th, New Moon, 10h. 21·3m. a.m.; April 27th, First Quarter, 2h. 6·2m. p.m.; April 3rd, in Apogee, 4 4h. p.m.; April 19th, in Perigee, 19h. a.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, April 22.—Empire of India Life Assurance Company, 11 Elphinstone Circle, 2-30 p.m. David Mills Company, 7 Esplanade Road, 3 p.m. Standard Mills Company, 7 Esplanade Road, 3-15 p.m. Fancy Dress Ball, G. I. P. R. Mechanic's Institute, Parel, 9-30 p.m. Evening party to Sir Jacob and Lady Sassoon, Narayen Dabulker Road. Malabar Hill, 9-30 p.m. Lord Reay Lecture, F. D. Petit Laboratory, Grant Medical College, 5 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 17m. Sun sets, 6h. 58m. High water, 0-22m., 1-8s. Low water 6-22m., 6-58s.

Friday, April 23.—P. and O. steamer "Caledonia," with English mails of 9th April, due to arrive at 5 a.m. Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 6h. 58m. High water, 1-2m., 1-53s. Low water, 7 1m., 7-43s.

Saturday, April 24.—Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races. Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 6h. 58m. High water, 1·42m., 2-39s. Low water, 7-40m., 8-32s.

Sunday, April 25.—2nd Sunday after Easter. Sun rises, 6h. 16m. Sun sets, 6h. 58m. High water, 2·24m., 3-29s. Low water, 8-21m., 9-31s.

Monday, April 26.—Sun rises, 6h. 15m. Sun sets, 6h. 59m. High water, 3-11m., 4-29s. Low water, 9-6m., 11-1s.

DEPARTURE OF THE GAEKWAR.—His Highness the Gaekwar arrived in Bombay on Monday from Khandalla and left for Baroda the same night.

PARSI FIRMS IN HONGKONG.—One of the well-known Parsi firms in Hongkong, doing business on a large scale, has stopped payment. A correspondent says it is feared that another large firm, also doing extensive business, will share a similar fate.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Salsette" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Friday the 23rd instant, Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 9 A.M. the same day at the New General Post Office Building.

THEFT OF SILVER WARE.—Captain H. B. Mayne discovered on Monday evening a theft of silver ware valued at Rs. 200, from his drawing-room, at Colaba. A native stranger went to the Captain's residence under the pretence of seeking employment that afternoon and he is suspected.

FANCY FETE.—This day being a special day of the Fancy Fete in aid of the Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit Parsee General Hospital, entrance will be by Day Tickets only. Coupons and complimentary Tickets will not admit. Exhibitor's passes will not cover their families. Only exhibitors in whose names the stalls stand, will be admitted and not others.—Advt.

THE PARSI BUILDING SOCIETY.—The first four chawls constructed for the benefit of Zoroastrians, were put up by Messrs. Bhedwar and Mistree, the honorary Engineers of the Parsi Building Society.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

SHARP—April 19, at Streatham, London, Ernest William, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Sharp, of Mawdon House, Bombay, aged 23 years and 4 months, (Typhoid). Deeply regretted. (By Cable.)

GOA.

DEATH.

J. F. LOBO—April 19, at his residence Mapuca, Goa, Proprietor, Hamilton Hotel, Khandalla, aged 70.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

PRIDHAM—April 4, at Shillong, the wife of Captain A. T. Pridham, I. M. S., of a daughter.
TROUP—April 14, at Dehra Dun, the wife of R. S. Troup, Imperial Forest Service, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

CRICHTON—April 14, at the Eden Sanatorium, Matilda Crichton, of the Diocesan Girls' High School, Darjeeling.
DUGGAN—April 10, at Cawnpore, Anne, wife of C. Duggan.

We now learn that four more chawls of a similar description are to be constructed under the superintendence of Mr. Shapurji N. Chandabhoy, C. E., without any remuneration.

THE "SEVA SADAN".—The affairs of this philanthropic undertaking for the relief of women in India are now being zealously attended to by Mr. B. M. Malabari, Mr. Dayaram Gidumal, and Professor Gujjar. The dimensions of the undertaking have so vastly increased of late, that large and extensive premises have become necessary for its different branches. A good round sum of money will be needed for the premises.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.—A special meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. G. W. Hatch, the Acting Chairman, presiding. The Trustees recorded the Government resolution, conveying sanction of the Government of India to the extension of the term of Mr. Jehangir Dessabhoy Framji's unemployment as Special Collector, under the Improvement Trust Act, until 31st March, 1910.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—At the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, yesterday, Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest touching the death of Bhiwa Bapu, (30), a Hindu labourer. About a fortnight ago he was carrying a number of corrugated iron sheets from one place to another in a Bori's depot when about 20 sheets fell on him. He was buried under them and when extricated he complained of severe pain in the spine. He was taken to the G.T. Hospital where he succumbed to his injuries on Monday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

KILLED ON THE RAILWAY.—A local train was leaving the Grant Road Station and proceeding towards Mahaluxmi when the driver of the engine saw a man, (who was afterwards identified as Govind Sadu, (45), a drumbeater, living in Gilder street), crossing the line. He tried to pull up, but before the engine could be stopped the man was knocked down by the buffer of the engine. The driver stopped the train, got down, and took Govind to the Parel Railway Dispensary. He was then removed to the hospital, where he died on Monday night. The verdict recorded was that he died of multiple injuries caused by his having been accidentally knocked down by a railway train.

SEQUEL TO A HIGH COURT SUIT.—The Islami community consider themselves to be placed under a deep debt of gratitude to the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar, by reason of his judgment in the suit regarding the Grant Road Burial Ground, which he has declared to be "wakf" property, that is intended for the benefit of the community, and not of any private individuals. To mark their sense of the benefit derived by them in consequence of the judgment, a number of influential Mahomedan citizens assembled at the Ballard Pier to do honour to the learned Judge on the occasion of his departure for England by the last mail steamer. Among them were Nawab Syed Sirdar Ali Khan, Khan Saheb Kasi Mahomed Ali Moorgay, Khan Saheb Nakhoda Gulam Husain Rogay, Khan Saheb Ibrahim Hafiz, Mr. Haji Ismail Haji Amad, Kazi Ismail Kazi Mahomed Meya Porebundri, Mahomed Cassum Kurtay, Haji Mahomed Azamtula, Hafiz Abdul, Hafiz Gulam Ali Kadri, Ismail Haji Abdulla, Mahomed Jakikhanji, Abdul Guffoor Jan Mahomed, Mahomed Hussain Abdul Barry, etc. They presented Mr. Justice Davar with bouquets and garlands of flowers, and wished him a very pleasant voyage.

THE EDULJEE FRAMJEE ALBLESS LEPER HOME.—Dr D T D'Monte, MD, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of this Institution begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations during the year 1908:—The late Bai Dhunbaijee, widow of Sheth Maneckjee Eduljee Allbless, through her executor Mr Bapooji Cursetjee Vaichagandhy, Rs 2,000; Trustees of the Damodersa Tapidas Charity Fund, Rs 175; the heirs of the late Mr Jehangir Shapoorjee Narielwalla, Rs 51; the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Nowrojee Pestonjee Vakil, C I E, Rs 50; the Hon'ble Mr G C Withworth, I C S, through Messrs Grindlay Groom and Co, and P F B, through Dr D'Monte, each Rs 30; Khan Bahadur Dhunjeebhoy F Comodore, C I E, Mr Burjorjee Maneckjee Patel, Mr Ratan J Tata, Messrs N Powell and Co, and the "Lodge Aryan," each Rs. 25; Hormusji Edalji Cama Charity and Framji Muncherjee Cama Charity, each Rs. 20; F. R. W., Mr R H Patuck, Mr Bapuji Dorabji Daruwala and Mr Jamal Mahomed, each Rs. 15; H G, Mr Septimus E Greaves, Mr E F Allum, Mr D J Tata, Mr Dharamsey Morarjee Goculdas, Bai Meherbai A P Setna, Mr Bomonjee Dinshaw Petit, Miss Framji D Petit, Mr Homi M Mehta, Mr. H. R. Greaves, E. C. B. A., Bai Heerabai Jamsetjee Petit, Mr. Mulraj Khatau, Mr Jamsetjee Ardaseer Wadia, N M G, Mr. B. J. Mistry, Bai Mathaji Dinbai, Mr. M. H. Muckba, E. B. R., and Standard Oil Co. of New York, each Rs. 10; In memory of late Mr Manekji Byramjee Bhabha on his anniversary day, Rs 9; J G from May to Dec. 1907, Rs 8; Mr Derabji Bomonjee Mody, and in memory of Bai Maneckbai M Tuback, Rs 7; Mr Lukhamsee Nappoo and J G from January to June, each Rs 6; H M, S J G, Mr Pestonji N Masani, Mr Dwarkadas Dharamsey, H E, E P, Mr Maneckji Dorabjee Kanga, B.A., LLB., SSS., the late Mr D Gostling, Khan Bahadur B D Pudumji, Mr S B Bharoocha, Mr Hormusji Rustamji Umrigar, Messrs. Hormusjee Eduljee Allbless and Sons, Mr P M Dalal, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart, Mr B J Panday, Mr M M Cama, Mr H E Dunk, Khan Bahadur M B Dholu, C I E, O M, Messrs M M Bottlewalla and Co, Rao Bahadur Visanji Khimji, Mr Framjee Dorabjee Panday, Mr Nusserwanjee Jamsetjee Sanjana, Lincousen, Mr S M Moses, G D, O M, Mr Kavashaw S Powvala's, Mr Rustam S Powvals, Mr Vejbhucandas Asmaram, Mr A A Vlasto, Mr P B Jeejeebhoy, Mr R B Baman Behram, Mr Jehangir Bamanjee Petit, Mr A S Framjee, Mr P S Pochajee, Mr Jehangir Dossabhoy Framjee, Bar-at-Law, Bai Bachubai M S Jamsetjee, N N W, Mr D G Pandole, Mr J E B Hotson I C S, R I L D, F J P, H P S, J A S, Mr S Gaddum, R U H, Messrs Theo Vafiadis and Co, Mr Dinshaw D Curranee, Mr J N Metasa, Mr J H Dunkerby, Mr Kaliandas Keshavdas, Mr P H Dastur, M A, the Hon'ble Mr Gokuldas K Parekh, B A, L L B, Mr Geo McKenzie, Mr Mahomedbhoy Datoobhoy, Comptoir National D Escompte de Paris, Bombay Gas Co, Ltd, H B, the late Mr Veerchand Deepchand, C I E, W U P, J A G, Mr Nasarwanji N Boyce, Mr J B Dalal, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Kt, Mr D N Bahadurji, Bar-at-law, Mr W M Bell, Mr Rustomji Muncherji Kooka, Mr R K Dadachanji, Mrs N J Ferrebjoy, Messrs Babajee Sakharam and Co, R K, P B P, R H B, Mr P S Haig, I C S, Mr Framjee Bomonji Jeejeebhoy, Mr Kaikhosro Maneckjee, Mr L H Savile, Dr Jijibhai P Nicholson L M and S Dr Rajabally Y Patel L M and S, Mr A J Billimoria, Mr J A Scott, Sir Sassoon J David Kt, Dr Bejanji Dosabhai, Messrs K P Kothare and Co, Mr A S Narielwala, Mr Jehangir Bhicajee, Mr N M Wadia, C I E, Mr Nazir Rustom Mehta, Dr A P Cama, L M and S, Bai Goolbai Navroji Dadabhai Engineer, C H R, Messrs Abdoolabhoy and Joomabhoy Laljee, Bai Dinbai, Mr S R Subedar, Mr Sorabji L Panday, Malvi; Mr Jamshedji A Dalal, Bai Sirinbai Behramji Ardeshir Irani, the Hon'ble Mr Hari Sitaram Dikshit B A, L L B., in memory of Bai Dinbai R Hakim, R M H, H M, R H B, H F B, E P, Mr E F Allum, Mr Dwarkadas Dharamsey, Mr A A Vlasto, D H G, Messrs Macmillan and Co, Mr Pestonji N Masani, Mr Manekji Dorabji Kanga B A, L L B, C U B, H B, Mr Dady L Bottleboye Mr H R Dunk, Mr S B Bharoocha, Mr R B Bomon Behram, Mr. P. Glynn Messent, Mr Hormasji Rustamji Umrigar, Mr F R Wadia, M A, L L B, Messrs Marks and Co, Ltd. H W, O M, C H B, W M R, J S, Mr L Combe, Bombay Gas Co, Ltd, Mr W A Chambers, Khan Bahadur B D Pudumji, C P E P, J E B, H, C R H, Mr P B Haig, I C S Mr H Gannon, Mr J A Sett, Mr N M Wadia, C I E, A J C, Mr J R Wadia, A D S, E C B A, H E P, H R G, Mr S E Greaves, A L Mr A J Billimoria, Messrs Dadabhoy Hormusjee and Co, Sir Cowasji Jehanger Bart, G F H, H P S, O M, C H B F, G R, L H S, Mr H M Mehta, Mr Mahomedbhoy Natoobhoy, C D B, Mr P B Jeejeebhoy, Mr J N Metara, A H B, S J G, G S, Mr P M Dalal, Mr J W Hepworth, Mr J A Grant, Bai Meherbai A P S Setna

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Vancouver, 2,860 tons, Captain McDougall, will sail to-day for Calcutta with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Muristan 1,736 tons Captain D. O. Morris sailed on Tuesday for Avonmouth with a general cargo and passengers.

THE steamer Clifton Hall, 2,532 tons, Captain D. Jones will sail to-day for Colombo in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Africa, 1,502 tons, Captain J. Beshop, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bushire &c. with a general cargo and Mrs. Gunnings two children, Mr. and Mrs. Mahomed Ebrahim and 207 deck passengers.

THE Japan Line steamer Yeboshi Maru, 2,992 tons, Captain B Kon, will sail to-day for Kobe &c., with a general cargo.

THE steamer Macduffe 1,881 tons Captain C H Burch, will sail to-day for Saigon in ballast.

MEN OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Proserpine Comdr...Leatham.....Royal Navy
R I M S Dalhousie...Comdr C Stocken .....R I Marine

IN STREAM.

R I M S Duffe in ...Comdr F Dobson .....R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge Lt LaTouche .....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook Comdr A. J. Marsack...R I Marine
H M S Perseus Comdr...F G Bird.....R Navy
Rly Sale Capt DeSpuza .....Port Gunboat

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—April 20.

Africa.....1502 Bishop .....M M & Co
Abouker.....2345 Young .....S Tajbhoy
Cledmoor.....2108 Mathews .....The Captain
Dwarka.....759 Manley .....M M & Co
Fife...2491A Harrison .....The Captain
Ipswich .....675 Pigot ...Rangoon...B & P S N Co
Juba.....1344 Wilson .....E A Protectorate
Mazagon.....3279 Lowe .....M M & Co
Morea.....5960 Brown...London..... .....P & O Co
Pianolheptune.....2321 Price .....F Muir & Co
Royal Sceptre.....2434 Taylor ..... The Captain
Red Cross...1832 Greenburn .....The Bombay Co
Shah Jehan.....2566 Webb .....B & P S N Co
Strathclyde.....2342 Crerer .....W & A Graham & Co
Said.....1445 .....B & O S N Co
Strathness.....2818 Lamont.....W & A Graham & Co
Strathserly...2783 MacMohan .....W & A Graha & Co
Troeas.....2657 Mills .....W & A Graham & Co
Wellington ....3676 Evans .....The Captain

VESSELS IN DOCK.—April 20.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Anatolia	2481	Laidlay	Marmogoa	20-4	K Nixon & Co
B Delhi	4744	Gordon	Shanghai	12-5	P & O S N Co
C & R Clan	MacMillan		2304	Swrie	5-5	F Muir & Co
F Yebashi Maru	2992	Kon	Kobe	21-4	N Y Kaisha
G MacDuff	1881	Burch	Saigon	21-4	H A G Ajam
H Worsley Hall	2238	Jenkins	Ant	21-4	K N & Co
K Kanzler	1865	Michelsen	Zanzibar	21-4	A Strandes
M Rahmani	1873	Geddie	R S Ports	N F B & P S N Co	
N Glenlyon	2654	Fairley	Baltimore	22-4	B A Willis
P Torrington	3619	Thurburn	Leith & Ant		24-4 W & A G & Co
Q Castlegarth	1673	Lord Bancan		28-4	W & A G & Co

Offside.

K Gouverneur 2120 Barmeister Zanzibar 29-4 A Strandes

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Nawab ...2941 Paak Calcutta 24-4 T Morrison & Co
2 Scindia 3253 Kelso Liverpool ...28-4 W & A G & Co
3 Kt of the Thistle ...4283 Baker Genoa 30-4 K Nix Co
4 Van over ...230 McDougall.....Calcutta...22-4 K Nixon & Co
5 Netherlee.....2746 Rankine ...Hamburg .....30-4 J Mackintosh & Co
6 Chanda...3951 Tice .....Antwerp...23-4 M M & Co
7 F Ferdinan 3343 Nitsche ...Kobe 27-4 A L S N Co
8 Jerseymoor....2808 Stonehouse.....M'chester...24-4 W & A G & Co
9 Linleafels ..3525 Kenneweg ..K'chi.....21-4 W & A G & Co
10 & 11 Scotra 3896 Andrews..Kobe..30-4 P & O S N Co
14 Kasara ...304 Elton ..... Basrah...22-4...M M & Co
15 Majidi...1857 Primrose Jeddah 26-4 Bo & P S N Co
16 Naseri ...912 LeMesre ...Zanzibar 22-4 B & P S N Co

H W P D

Kavari . 553 Mahomed ...Bnagar ...21-4 Bo S N Co Lo

M W D D

Ocana.....3507 Hide ...S'ghai...28-4 P & O Co

ARRIVAL.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
20	Africa s	Bishop.....	Bushire, April 7

DEPARTURES.

April.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	City of E'burgh s	MacGregor ...	Karachi
	Anatolia s	Laidlay	Mormugoa
	H M S Hyacinth	Dick.....	Persian Gulf
	Muristan s	Morris	Avonmouth

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Yeboshi Maru, Kon, for Kobe &c.
" Macduff, Burch, for Saigon.
" Clifton Hall, Jones, for Colombo.
" Vancouver, McDougall, for Calcutta.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Delhi for China, &c.
" Mazagon for Calcutta, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's s s Bohemia left Trieste on the 18th instant, and is expected here on the 6th May.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	3	3	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	13	10	29
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	17	11	25
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	3	3	8
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	20	17	42
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	3	2	8
G Mahim and Worli	6	5	14
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	6	18
Total.....	65	57	153
*This day last year.....	52	45	150
Do. 1907.....	.....	.....	119

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

April 20th, 1909.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	40	48	4
B	114	159	39
C	55	90	34
D	22	37	4
E	178	69	14
F	20	2	0
G	50	2	0
Total to date...	479	406	95
Total rats killed.....			885

IT is stated that Mr. Plowden, Deputy Inspector-General of Bengal Police, will return to Calcutta from Home before the expiration of his furlough.

FOR
Cool and Comfort
use only
B. E. C.
FANS.

EXAMINE AND TRY
OUR
SPLENDID STOCK.

THE
BOMBAY
ELECTRIC CO.
WORKS AND OFFICES,
9—11, MEDOWS ST., BOMBAY.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY is reduced to a fine art by the
DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM
MARCKS & CO.'S PIANOS
OFFERED FOR CASH, or on the
DEFERRED PAYMENT SYSTEM.
HORIZONTAL GRAND AND UPRIGHT GRAND
PIANOS
at London Cash Prices in India.
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The Bombay Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1909.

THE INDIA COUNCILS BILL.

ALTHOUGH the Government of India did not ask for the powers contained in Clause 3 of the Bill now before Parliament, the Secretary of State is determined they shall have them if by any means he can secure the re-insertion of the Clause which the Lords threw out. The Commons have admitted a clause re-inserting it and it may be the Lords will not again reject it though, as Earl Percy observed, that House is in an infinitely better position to judge of the necessities of the case—having in the Upper Chamber numbers of ex-Viceroys and Governors thoroughly conversant with this country. It cannot be denied that the Lieutenant-Governors are over-worked and require assistance. Councils in one or two of the provinces may be desirable, but we should prefer the creation of Councils to be in the hands of Parliament rather than of the—that is any—Viceroy who may rule over us. Mr. Hobhouse quoted recently-expressed opinions, but as Lord Percy remarked he had failed to show that a single Lieutenant-Governor, with the exception of Sir E. N. Baker, is in favour of the scheme. To say that the change is in accordance with the desires of both Europeans and Indians is somewhat sweeping, and it would have been equally true to assert that it is contrary to the desires of both. Then Mr. Hobhouse is entirely mistaken in asserting that Councils will give a chance of continuity of policy which the executive authority of a Lieutenant-Governor could never secure. The Government of India in its despatch of 1st October last declared : "It would be premature even to discuss the question of their establishment until experience had been gained of the working of the new legislative bodies." Even Mr. Hobhouse admitted that this and other questions are still under the consideration of the Government of India and Lord Minto's reply to Lord Morley on the subject of the Councils has not even yet been made public.

This, however, is what the Government of India has said upon the point : "We are in favour of having the power proposed by Clause 3 in the Bill, and we should regret if the opportunity which presents itself of obtaining that power for us were to be lost," and they add, "We are altogether opposed to the proposal which we understand has been put forward to create forthwith Councils in all the larger provinces, and we desire to make that point clear. We see no present necessity for a general change of this character, and, it should be made, if it is to be made, only in the light of experience." Why should the Secretary of State hurry the matter? We believe the Mahomedan community will be satisfied with the provision made for their due representation in the enlarged Councils. Their views on the subject have apparently received the most careful attention, but even this point has not been definitely decided. The Secretary of State is still in communication with the Government of India and powers which the Councils Bill seeks to bestow on the Viceroy resemble "a blank cheque" more clearly as the measure proceeds. The regulations are not yet ripe for discussion. It appears probable that ex-convicts may be debarred from election to the Councils and that deportees will be eligible, but even that is problematical, for the list of those persons liable to exclusion is provisional and only intended to be a fair guide as to the Government's views. It seems a thousand pities that all these points were not settled before the measure was introduced into Parliament. If it pass now, as we have previously stated, extensive amendments will be required within a remarkably short space of time. It would be far more satisfactory to shelve the Bill for another session than to rush it through while some of its most important details are still unsettled.

To Business Men. MOST people know how to conduct their own business, or think they do, and are inclined to resent any unasked advice on the subject. But a little book of T. Sharper Knowlson, entitled "Business" may be commended to the attention of all business men. The title is against the work, for no one wants to be troubled by business after office-hours, yet it may be read with advantage even during the "labourer's day," for it contains practical hints for master and man—and many of them. What is more, they are brief and pithy. Mr. Knowlson confesses that one man cannot teach another how to do business and that therefore experience is the only teacher who can produce acceptable credentials. Yet as the penalties of experience are often too severe to be welcome and men naturally seek every means of evading suffering and loss that arise through incapacity and want of thought, on these grounds the author offers his counsels in the hope that some may prove of service. He claims that he does not speak as an outsider or as a critic and guide who looks down on the market from an eminence and writes of business as a stranger to its emotions and practices, for without being autobiographical his articles are nevertheless the outcome of observation amid a variety of scenes of strenuous labour. Mr. Knowlson has advice for almost every possible situation. "Can your manager be seen?" he asks and tells of a concern where three strangers and five clerks belonging to the firm were waiting for interviews. "What sort of a manager is this," asks the author, "who allows five clerks to hang round his door?" What is the proprietor doing? Let him look into things and arrange for a submanager or two, so that the other man can see the public when they want to see him. Proprietors are advised to be content with small profits because in these days it is ruin to expect big ones. Quick turnover with average profits is what a business man should aim at, for that is the most he can ever realise.

No doubt everyone who reads "Business" will be able to put his finger on each chapter and say "that fits so and so" and probably Williamson, the suppositious individual referred to in the remarks on "System," has many counterparts. With Williamson new office devices are a cult. He thinks more of the ingenuity of a file than of the letters it contains. "Go to him at his busiest moment and he will cheerfully abstract himself from work to listen to your glowing account of a new method of checking invoices. He is always ready to make a change. Everyday he abolishes something and adopts something else because it is new. But Williamson had a shock; a junior clerk neglected a little item which threatened to upset the new loose-leaf ledger scheme. Williamson was too angry to turn his attention to a large dealer who appeared at the counter. He preferred to lecture the junior for five minutes on the evils of sinning against the sacredness of system. The dealer stood it for three minutes and went. He orders elsewhere now. No system at all is disastrous; system with sense is good, too much system is as bad as none. Excellent counsel is that based on LaBruyeres' dictum: "We seldom repent talking too little, but very often talking to much." Men who never resort to an undertone in their conversation are not necessarily to be avoided though indiscretion is usually associated with men of that stamp. They talk not only of what they have done but of what they are going to do. The competitor hears it and does it first. So keep your tongue still and let your progress speak for itself. We are glad to find Mr. Knowlson recommend the use of good paper and ink and the writing of good letters. Do not let them be too long for a business man to read them directly he opens them. He jibs at a long hifalutin document, lays it aside and acts on the brief, pithy one which comes next. Be concise, though polite, and remember there is an art in answering complaints. "Don't follow the 'you're another' principle. It never pays. When epithet-hurling is ended there is still the dispute to the settled." And if the business man thinks of taking legal proceedings to settle a dispute, let him think of it a second time, even a third. Doubtless he has been studying a ponderous law book on contracts in which numerous cases, on all fours with his own, are recorded. The other man is probably reading the same book with equal confidence. "Law books are written for lawyers, and lawyers exist to interpret them. The best a law book can do for a layman is to tell him how to keep out of mischief." Litigation at least is pretty much of a gamble, so never take legal proceedings unless reduced to the last extremity. It sometimes pays to lose, for thereby it is possible to avoid worry, publicity and often defeat. Dallying in the neighbourhood of the law courts is not conducive to business.

Good manners in business count for much. Men who seek to treat others as they treat them lose an enormous amount of time. Moreover it is bad policy. Courtesy as an investment pays—a fact which many business people overlook. "Don't keep people waiting," says Mr. Knowlson. There are many finger-posts pointing to success in his little book. One treats of the men of appearing successful. There are some people who think it hypocrisy to appear successful when things are not as successful as might be wished. But we are assured that is no hypocrisy at all. The external show of a business is precisely on the same footing as a man's personal appearance—that is to say he makes both look as well as he can, not to deceive, but from a sense of respect. A cheese-paring policy is never to be commended. Stealing little profits in defiance of great principles is essentially small-minded. To save a few pence weekly at the loss of a good impression is sorry arithmetic. "Between this and hypocritical pretence of prosperity there is a happy medium. Do not deceive any body, but do not mislead them by committing an injustice to yourself. Business men are advised to advertise and to do so strikingly, letting prices, as well as assurances of good value, of money catch the eye. There is much virtue in judicious advertising and it pays better than searching for the master secret of success. Work hard, go straight; and the man who does will deserve success if he does not command it. "The Master Secret," exclaims Mr. Knowlson, "never try to find it. You will be disappointed in every effort. Besides it is a mark of weakness. To study methods—mark the plural—is wise; to search for a method is as futile as to try to find the philosopher's stone. . . Work; work with brains in it; that is the master secret."

A Mutiny Historian. A notable person who passed through the Mutiny and wrote a valuable account of one of its main episodes has just died at Home and his death ought not to be passed unnoticed though the deaths of survivors of the Mutiny have been frequent of late. Mr. Runtz Rees passed through the memorable siege of Lucknow during which he rendered much service at Innes' outpost. But the greatest service he has been able to render to contemporaries, as well as to posterity, was by the publication of the history of that famous siege. This was based on his own journal kept during those anxious months, and as a plain straightforward personal narrative Mr. Rees' book took at once a high place immediately on its publication in March 1858, four months after the siege was over. Mr. Martin Gubbins who was Financial Commissioner of Oude and who also passed through the siege published almost simultaneously his account of the siege, which was written from the point of view of a civilian in high position. Mr. Rees was a merchant, an "interloper" as merchants used to be called even in those days, and as such occupied a much humbler position; yet his narrative is in parts more valuable than Gubbins', as the latter is much prejudiced by the writer's notorious differences of opinion with the military authorities and by a certain pragmatic tone which offends the reader. Moreover Mr. Rees was fortunate enough to obtain permission from Lady Ingles, the wife of the Brigadier of the garrison during the siege, to make use of her valuable journal from which he has inserted several interesting extracts. The journal of Lady Ingles has been recently published in its entirety, but still Rees' narrative does not lose its interest as a truthful story of an eventful period told in a perfectly natural manner. He also embodied in it the notes of some other officers who were his companions in the siege, like Lieutenant Farquhar and John Lawrence. Altogether Rees' "Siege of Lucknow" is a valuable record of that heroic transaction and will always remain as a main authority for the history of that brilliant episode of the Mutiny. Mr. Rees was a Swiss-German who knew Lucknow well, as he had passed his early days in that city as a master in the Martiniere College there, founded by the munificent bequest of General Claude Martin, a French General in the employ of the King of Oude. He later became a merchant and was settled in Calcutta when the Mutiny broke out. Business made him leave Calcutta for the North-West, and he heard of the outbreak when he was at Benares on this business tour. He reached Lucknow at a critical time and soon after his arrival there the mutineers invested it and began the famous siege whose historian he was destined to become. When the siege was over by the final relief of Lucknow by Sir Colin Campbell towards the close of November 1857, Rees was able to go back to Calcutta, visiting Cawnpore on the way, when it was partly yet in the hands of Nana Sahib. He soon left Calcutta for England where he published his narrative immediately after his arrival in March 1858. He has survived by more than half a century those eventful times, and had the satisfaction of seeing his history of the siege of Lucknow referred to with respect and quoted countless numbers of times by every writer on the Mutiny.

H. M. S. "HYACINTH," under the command of Captain J. D. Dick, R. N., sailed yesterday afternoon for the Persian Gulf, with Rear-Admiral Slade, M. V. O., Commander-in-Chief of the East India Squadron on board.

SIR DANIEL and Lady Hamilton were to leave Calcutta for Bombay yesterday evening.

AT the rate irrigation is increasing, says the "Pioneer," the time is not far distant when India will be exporting one million tons more wheat than she is doing now. How are the railways to deal with such an enormous increase?

WHEN a court-martial under the Army Act adjourns in order to consult the convening officer, their reasons for consulting him are in future to be fully recorded in the proceedings, and his opinion upon each point raised clearly stated.

THE report of Mr. W. R. Gourlay, I. C. S., on the Champaran disturbances is understood to deal with past and present troubles between the planters and the "raiyats," and to explain the recent disturbances as purely agrarian, without system or set intention, with the unpopularity of indigo as its original basis.

ADANA, where the massacre of Armenians has occurred, is the capital town of the vilayat of Adana, the broad and fertile valley which lies on the shores of the Mediterranean almost opposite the island of Cyprus. It is a town of some 40,000 inhabitants, and has for over twenty years been connected with the seaport of Mersina by railway. The Baghdad Railway will eventually pass through the town, though the section of the line from Boulgourlow to Adana, piercing the Taurus mountains and surmounting the ridge which slopes down to the plains of Adana, is the most difficult portion of the whole railway, and the company have for years fought shy of starting on it.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

AN ATHLETIC AND CYCLING WAR.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 2.

EVERYTHING looks promising for a conflict between the Amateur Athletic Association and the National Cyclist Union. The officials of the latter at last appear determined to rule cyling entirely, and at the meeting of the N. C. U. council, on Saturday, resolutions to this end were carried. The cycling legislators demand only what is proper, viz., that permits for foot racing shall be obtained from the A. A. A. and for cycle racing from the N. C. U. The athletic legislators may concede the justice of this, but it is doubtful, and many people believe a fight will follow and harm the cause of amateur sport. Far from this being the case, a split between the A. A. A. and the N. C. U. will lead to so much good that the writer sincerely hopes it will soon come to pass. The A. A. A. sets its face sternly against open professionalism, with the result that thousands of young athletes are compelled to run for prizes, when they would much rather compete for cash. The mixed class of amateurs is also responsible for many 'Varsity athletes standing aloof from general competitions. Now the N. C. U. governs both amateur and professional cyclists, though it must be confessed its encouragement of the latter is so small that many men compete as amateurs who ought to be riding as professionals, while there is a considerable class of cash riders who compete in unregistered meetings.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

The National Cyclist Union now has a chance of bringing about a more satisfactory state of things and to make foot-racing more honest. It should change its name to the National Athletic and Cycling Union and promote mixed meetings (that is running and cycling) for both amateurs and professionals. There should be no half measures and it will be a mistake to cater solely to the crack professional runners. Quite fifty per cent. of the amateur runners would rather compete for money prizes if given the chance by a stable association.

The athletic clubs would no doubt stick to the A. A. A. in the event of a split, but individual athletes would soon show which way their inclination lay, with the result that new athletic clubs would be formed and affiliated to the re-named N. A. and C. Union. What is more, many of the unaffiliated bodies promoting sports would do so under the auspices af the N. A. and C. Union, which would permit of the best runners and cyclists being seen, and naturally command the best support. In the course of a few years we should have the bulk of the artisan runners competing under the banner of the re-named body, while the A. A. A. would govern a far more genuine lot of amateurs than it does at present. If the Cycling Union want to win against the A. A. A. it must promote mixed meetings, at which amateur runners are catered for, as well as professional runners. This will prevent clubs splitting up, and the working lad harriers can support the new governing body and run for cash or prizes as they think fit. If this be done, it will greatly improve amateur athletics and indirectly benefit the Amateur Athletic Association, which will then command more support from 'Varsity men and other athletes who decline to "rub shoulders" with many now competing as amateurs. It is because he desires to see a more honest state of amateurism that the writer hopes the N. C. U. will stand to its guns, for it is quite certain the A. A. A. will not recognize the obvious, viz., that honest professionalism is better than make-believe amateurism.

A REAL CROSS-COUNTRY RACE.

The Cross-Country Championship of the Aldershot Command on Wednesday was held over a course of eight miles, and the nature of which made it a real test of stamina. None of the 416 runners knew the course prior to the start. There were over a dozen water jumps, up to 14 feet wide, two steep hills and five ploughed fields, yet all save 13 of the competitors finished within half an hour of the winner, which speaks well for the British soldier's stamina. The individual winner was Private Cook, of the Royal Irish Fusiliers, who won easily in 54 mins. 17 secs. from Love of the Coldstream Guards, and then came Parrish, (Scottish Rifles,) and Lieutenant Hill, Royal Irish Fusiliers. This regiment easily won the team honours (twelve to count) with a total of 231 points, the 2nd Royal Irish Rifles, 399, and the 1st Worcesters, 833, coming next.

Followers of athletics in England do not know what to make of the report that G. V. Bonhag has run five miles in Madison Square Gardens in 24mins. 59 2-5secs. The Irish-American athlete is known as a man who does better indoors than on an ordinary track, yet even so, the time is so startling that one would like to know if the track was carefully remeasured 12 inches from the border, and if the lap scoring was above suspicion.

Another item of athletic news which has aroused much comment, is that A. Duncan, the present 10 miles flat champion and winner of the Marathon Trial last May, thinks of going to America for the purpose of taking part in the pedestrian "boom." He is a fine runner and would probably have been a professional some time ago, only for the officials connected with the "Evening News" Professional Marathon Race last October knowing so little about the game. Duncan sent in his entry for the race, but he was not considered good enough to be chosen among the hundred, and it was returned.

BOXING.

Willie Lewis of America gave a further proof of how good he is by outpointing Jewey Smith of London in a ten rounds bout at Paris on Saturday. He was conceding a lot of weight, nearly 40 lbs., though Smith was handicapped by taking the ring at short notice.

Now that Johnson appears to have made up his mind not to keep faith with the National Sporting Club and meet Sam Langford there, we may possibly see the latter and the winner of the Gunner Moir vs. Ian Hague contest come together instead. It would certainly create almost as much interest as the other fight, particularly if Hague happened to win against Moir. It will not do Johnson any good in going back on his agreement, though at the same time he no doubt feels he can command a much higher figure elsewhere. The National Sporting Club will probably "put the shutters up" against Johnson, but, as the champion, he will be in demand elsewhere.

TURF TOPICS.

We have had some interesting racing both on the flat and over obstacles during the past few days. Dealing with the latter form first, the defeat of Gackler in the champion steeplechase at Liverpool indicated that the horse would not have had much show in the Grand National, had his owner let him take his chance. Gackler was top-weight (12st. 7lbs) and though he assumed the lead over a mile from home, Bloodstone soon regained it and beat out the favourite easily. The winner (11st.) belongs to Mr. C. Bower-Ismay and the manner the horse performed over nearly three miles of the Grand National course makes it look as though he must eventually be found among the candidates for this big event. Turning to the military meeting at Sandown Park, the popular Grand Military Steeplechase was hardly so interesting as in some years. The King was represented by Bahadur and as it was the first effort of the horse in a steeplechase, the animal did very well to finish second (after twice blundering) to Mr R. Christie-Miller's Sprinkle Me, the latter winning easily. His Majesty was also represenced in the Grand Military Handicap Steeplechase but his horse failed to finish, Kennilworth carrying Captain T. Goodman's colours to the fore.

ON THE FLAT.

Mr. S. Joel's Poor Boy let the punters down badly in the Earl of Sefton's Plate at Liverpool, the favourite not even gaining a place. Two of Mr. H. P. Whitney's animals were engaged on the last day of the Liverpool meeting and though Dinna Ken II was absolutely last in the race just referred to, the filly by Broomstick—Belle of Troy carried J. H. Martin into second place in the Stanley Stakes for two-year olds—won by Mr. V. Pomfret's Skirmish.

There is no better sportsman following racing than His Majesty King Edward and it was pleasing to thousands to see his colours carried to victory at Newbury on Wednesday. The efforts of the King's horses have not been crowned with much success lately, so that the change of luck was quite in order. The manner Minoru beat his rivals in the Greenham Stakes for three-year-olds was impressive. The winner is by Cyllene—Mother Siegel and holds three classic engagements. Richard Marsh, the trainer to His Majesty, had further grounds for satisfaction, for the King's colours were again seen to the fore in the next event—the Berkshire Three Year-Old Handicap, which went to Oakmere in a field of eighteen. Even this big field was eclipsed in the Beckhampton Two-Year-Old Plate which attracted no fewer than 38 youngsters and a very pretty sight it looked as they charged up the course. The Newbury Cup yesterday did not create the usual interest owing to the general opinion that the race was a gift for Arranmore, the runner-up in the Lincolnshire Handicap. Mr. S. Joel's candidate became a very hot favourite as the race drew near and finally started at 10 to 11 against. Frank Woolton had the mount and made no mistake, winning from Royal Realm (belonging to Mr Hall Walker), with Mr P Nelke's Summer qualifying for third place.

FOOTBALL.

It is just possible the close of the season may be marked by a revolt of the leading professional players. They have formed a Players' Union and the Football Association wants to bind the men not to appeal to any court of law in questions of dispute with clubs. This the players do not like and it is possible they will join the Trades Union. It is a pity any sport should cause strife, and yet Association football stands in a double position, for it is now a recognised entertainment—like the drama—in addition to a pastime. Whether the players will revolt, or give in to the F. A. for the time being, we shall probably learn within the next few hours.

The semi-finals of the English and Scottish Cup competition have now been decided, and we know Manchester United and Bristol City will meet at the Crystal Palace, while those old rivals—Celtic and Glasgow Rangers—will strive for Scottish honours. No fewer than 40,118 people paid £2,590 to see the Manchester United and Newcastle United match at Sheffield. The Newcastle men were unfortunate, for after pressing some time, Sheppard (the crack centre-forward) was injured and had to leave the field and was of little use when he returned. To this fact the victory of Manchester United, by 1 goal to 0, was probably due, and is another instance in favour of allowing a substitute to take the place of an injured player. The other semi-final, Derby County and Bristol City at Stamford Bridge attracted an attendance of 33,878, while the receipts totalled £2,056. Derby looked booked for the final until one minute from time, when a penalty kick enabled Bristol to draw level (1-1). Singularly enough, it was another penalty kick which gave Bristol the victory (2-1) in the replay at Birmingham on Wednesday, and so a Southern team will after all be seen in the final.

Celtic qualified to meet Glasgow Rangers in the final of the Scottish Cup, by virtue of a 2 goals to 0 victory over Clyde in the replayed tie at Parkhead, so all is now clear sailing until the all-important day.

LEAGUE MATTERS.

Although the final success of Newcastle United in the First League Championship is assured, it looks as though we shall see an exciting struggle among the bottom teams. Bury, Bradford and Leicester Fosse have all done well recently and Chelsea now looks to be in danger of finishing last or last but one, which would mean going into the Second Division. At the moment the last four are Bury, 27 for 33 games; Chelsea 26 for 33; Bradford C. for 31; and Leicester Fosse, 21 for 30. The figh the two top places, which means promotion in the Second Division, is the most exciting matter connected with the League competitions. Bolton accomplished a fine performance by beating (2-1) Wolverhampton Wanderers on the latter's ground, but Tottenham could only draw (1-1) on receiving a visit from Gainsborough. This leaves West Bromwich Albion on top with 43 points for 31 games, Bolton claiming 43 for 32 and Tottenham 41 for 31.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The doings of Durham in the Rugby County Championship of late years has been a splendid one, and the victory over Cornwall (12 points to 0) at Hartlepool in the final on Saturday makes the record of the county five wins and one tie for the honour since the season 1899-1900. The outstanding feature of the game was the comparative failure of the International players on the Cornish side and the brilliancy of H. Coverdale, a little player who made a first appearance for Durham in this match. He shaped splendidly at half and the cool manner he dropped the first goal was worthy of a veteran. The match shows that there is plenty of good material outside International circles.

Tremendous interest centred in the final engagements of Hawick and Watsonians, as they were neck and neck for the club championship of Scotland. Hawick easily vanquished Melrose (27 points to 0), which was all the more creditable because the winners were a man short during the second half. Watsonians had Jedburg as rivals (the latter being at home) and the visitors won somewhat luckily by 8 points to 0. The losers lost the service of Watson (a forward) through injury, and this handicap was too much. As a result of the two matches Watsonians and Hawick are joint holders of the Scottish Club Championship, each having lost only one game during the season.

IN GENERAL.

Stevenson made breaks of 347, 358 and 514 on Tuesday, which enabled him to get on handicap terms with Inman, who is receiving 2,000 points in 9,000 up.

The Marathon Derby at New York on April 3rd will, in the writer's opinion, be a struggle among Longboat, Dorando and St. Yves (the latter may effect a surprise) while Maloney, Hayes and Shrubb will be among the "also ran"—particularly the Englishman.

Harley Davidson again beat Allie Moore, both of America, in a one mile roller-skating match at Earls Court on Wednesday, his advantage being a foot and the time 3 mins 2 2-5 secs.

Although England lost a man (injured) in the first minute of the International hockey match against Scotland at Manchester, the representatives of the Rose won by 5 goals to 2.

Followers of rowing here are deeply interested in the projected sculling race between E. Durnan of Canada and R. Amst of New Zealand.

THE INDIA COUNCILS BILL.

DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

The Substitute for Clause Three.

MAHOMEDAN REPRESENTATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 19.

In the House of Commons this evening, in the debate on the Committee stage of the India Councils Bill, Mr. Mackarness moved an amendment, providing that nobody should be disqualified from membership of the Councils, because they had been deported or imprisoned without having been charged or convicted of an offence.

Mr. Hobhouse, in opposing the amendment, emphasised that the responsibility for the policy underlying the regulations must rest with the Government of the day. There had been no modification of Lord Morley's attitude. The list of those persons liable to exclusion was provisional and was intended to be a fair guide as to the Government's views. On the other hand, Government was not prepared to add exclusion to deportation.

Mr. Johnson Hicks asked what was the view of the Government of India.

Mr. Hobhouse replied that the latter was still considering the point.

The amendment of Mr. Mackarness was negatived without a division.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

In House of Commons last evening, in the debate on the India Councils Bill, Dr. Rutherford's amendment with reference to unofficial majorities was debated at great length, and was negatived without a division.

Mr. Hobhouse stated that Lord Morley had been communicating with India with reference to the additional representation of Mahomedans. The Viceroy, in a telegram, dated 12th April, said that the method proposed was simply that in general electorates like Municipalities and District Boards and the membership of Provisional Councils, all sects and classes should vote together. This would give Mahomedans some but insufficient representation. In addition to this a certain number of places would be reserved for Mahomedans which the latter alone would have a voice in filling. These might be filled by simple election, or by election by association or electoral colleges, or nomination as the circumstances of the different Provinces required. Mr. Hobhouse added that the matter was receiving the careful attention of the Government of India, who could be trusted to deal with it as local circumstances required. All the Clauses were adopted with drafting amendments only.

Mr. Hobhouse, in moving the insertion of the Clause to take the place of the rejected Clause 3, emphasised that Lieutenant-Governors were overworked. In order to remove the doubts of Lords with reference to the views of the great officials in India, he quoted the recent speeches of Lord Minto, Sir Harvey Adamson and Sir E. N. Baker and also the "Times of India." Mr. Hobhouse said he hoped he had convinced the House that the change was a not unreasonable one, and that it was in accordance with the desires of both Europeans and Natives. He pointed out that the Councils would give a chance of continuity of policy which the executive authority of a Lieutenant-Governor could never secure.

The Government believed that the Government of India was fit to be entrusted with the proposed discretion.

Lord Percy said that the House of Lords was in an infinitely stronger position to deal with the Clause than the House of Commons. Mr. Hobhouse, he said, had not shown a single Lieutenant-Governor, in favour of the scheme except Sir E. N. Baker.

LATER.

In the House of Commons last night, the Clause virtually replacing Clause 3, was added to the India Councils Bill by 118 votes to 22. The Bill passed through the Committee stage.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 20.

The reports of Local Governments on the question of the re-insertion of Clause 3 in the India Councils Bill, are now reaching the Government of India, and will be sent Home in time for the debate in the House of Lords, after the House of Commons have finished with the measure.

Now that it is understood that this Clause, if accepted, will be brought into operation only in Bengal, and held in reserve in the other Provinces, there is not likely to be much official objection to it, Sir Edward Baker having pronounced strongly in its favour and other local Governments being liable to be affected by it, only so far as they may themselves find it desirable in the future, in the event of a reason arising for the utilization of the powers for the creation of a Provincial Executive Council, whichthe Clause confers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

A Dacca telegram, dated the 19th instant states :—"A mass meeting was held this afternoon in the Asanmanzil compound, to protest against the proposed election of Mahomedan members to the Legislative Councils under the Reform Scheme. Some 5,000 people gathered and all the Mahomedan shops were closed. Speeches were delivered in English and Urdu. The Nawab took the chair. The meeting was against any modification of the partition of Bengal and asked for separate election to the Councils by their own representatives."

FOOTBALL IMBROGLIO.

Cup Withheld.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

The Scottish Association has decided to withhold the Cup owing to the riot at Glasgow, and there will be no replay.

THE TROUBLE IN TURKEY.

Constantinople Nearly Surrounded.

SULTAN'S REPORTED ABDICATION.

STRAINED POSITION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 19.

Consular telegrams from Aleppo report that twenty persons have been killed at Marash in the province of Aleppo.

The Young Turks have taken possession of £60,000 of Government funds at Salonika.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

Telegrams from Constantinople state that the city is most excited over a rumour that the Sultan has abdicated and taken refuge in the British Embassy, which is besieged by a crowd. The rumour has caused a rise in the funds.

The Chamber has approved of the Grand Vizier postponing his statement of policy until Saturday.

Izzet Pasha has returned from his mission to the Committee of Union and Progress who maintained their demands. The Cabinet was disccussing the situation at midnight.

There are now 36,000 troops at Hademkoi, and it is expected that the enveloping movement will be completed to-night.

LATER.

The present garrison of Constantinople is quite overawed and certainly will not fight, but the attitude of the fleet is an unknown quantity.

British warships have landed 800 men at Mersina.

It is stated that 1,200 persons have been killed at Adana.

PERSIA AND THE POWERS.

Parliamentary Government Urged.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

British and Russian representations to the Shah point out the growing danger of the situation, and again urge him to revert to the Constitution. Neither Government will support the Shah or give him financial assistance until and unless a new Mejliss is convoked.

TURKEY AND BULGARIA.

Agréement Signed.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

The Turco-Bulgarian Agreement has been signed.

LATER.

The Triple Alliance has recognised the independence of Bulgaria.

SIR F. WINGATE'S MISSION.

Investigation of Somali Troubles.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

Sir Francis Wingate, who is going on a special mission to Berbera, proceeds via Aden as soon as a warship is available. Besides undertaking his special mission, he will investigate the situation in Somaliland with reference to the Mullah and the general military position. There is no question of an expedition or of anything beyond protecting the British position and safeguarding friendly tribes.

THE LONDON ELECTIONS BILL.

Abolition of Plural Voting.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Harcourt introduced the London Elections Bill, providing that elections in London shall be held on the same day, and that plural voting in London shall be abolished.

THE RETIREMENT OF MAJORS.

Age-Limit Raised.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

An Army Order has been issued raising the retiring age of Majors to fifty.

THE KAISER AND CRETE.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

M. Theotokis, the Greek Premier, had a long interview with the Kaiser at Corfu yesterday, probably on the subject of Crete.

THE NIGERIAN RAILWAY.

Large Section Completed.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

The Railway from Lagos to Jebba, five hundred miles up the Niger, has been completed and the line is being rapidly pushed on to Kano.

CHAMPIONSHIP BOXING IN ENGLAND.

Gunner Moir again Beaten.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

Ian Hague of Yorkshire beat Gunner Moir in one round in the boxing Championship of of England for £1,300 at the National Sporting Club last night.

THE FRENCH NAVY.

A Dreadnought Launched.

THROUGH WRITES AGENCY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 20.

The French battleship "Diderot," of the Dreadnought type, was launched yesterday. Another, the "Condorcet," will be launched to-morrow and three others are on the stocks.

ANGLO-PERSIAN OIL COMPANY.

Shares Over-subscribed.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

The Anglo-Persian Oil Company's issue of 600,000 ordinary and an equal number of preference shares has been over-subscribed.

FRONTIER INTER-TRIBAL QUARREL.

Reconciliation Attempted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 20.

The quarrel among the Musa Khel section of the Mohmands, seems to be due to a long-standing feud between two of the Chiefs in Mitai. The other sections are doing their best to effect a reconciliation and put an end to the casual fighting, which has already caused some loss of life.

Frontier reports mention that large numbers of men have been engaged on either side, but there has probably been the usual exaggeration as to the strength of the opposing forces.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

Breach between Kendra and Chandil.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

The Bengal-Nagpur Railway line between Kendra and Chandil, on the Assansol-Sini section, has been breached by heavy rain and through communication interrupted. Arrangements have been made to tranship passengers. The breach will be repaired in a day or two.

THE SEDITIOUS PAMPHLET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

Nobin Chunder Pal, who was charged with printing the seditious pamphlet entitled "Matripuja," was found guilty and fined Rs. 200.

ALIPORE BOMB CASE.

Accused Released on Bail.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

Asoke Chander Nundy, an accused in the Alipore bomb case, who is suffering from fever, was released on bail for Rs. 2,000 yesterday.

DACOITY AT DACCA.

Absence of the Police.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

At the Sessions, in a case of dacoity committed at Dacca on Sunday night last, by a gang of 10 to 12 up-country men, some of whom have been arrested, two brothers named Ghose, whose house was attacked, were seriously injured, although the Police Station was within half a mile. The Sub-Inspector only turned up the following morning.

COCHIN TENANCY LEGISLATION.

Protest by Jenmas.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, APRIL 20.

The Cochin Jenmas, in a largely attended public meeting, assembled at Trichur, resolved to protest against the proposed Tenancy Legislation, which they say will interfere with their vested rights in lands. They have formed an influencial Committee to memorialise Government and to wait in deputation upon the Rajah and the Dewan.

MAHARAJA OF JODHPUR.

Presentation of a Race Cup.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 20.

Military Officers will be interested to know that the Maharaja of Jodhpur has presented the Race Stewards at Meerut, with a £50 Cup annually for a race, which His Highness wishes should be on the lines of the Grand Military at Sandown.

A BENGALI SUSPECT.

Taken into Police Custody.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 20.

A young Bengali who gives his name as Satyendra Paribrajak went to the Lalbag charitable dispensary to have his wounds on his right chest dressed. The Surgeon suspecting the wounds to have been caused by some explosive and not being satisfied with the explanation given informed the police. On being questioned by the police, Paribrajak replied that while at Kanchrapara he fell in with a Sikh and in a duel which ensued he received a very severe wound which the Sikh inflicted on his right chest by kicking him with his boot. He has been taken to Berhampore under police custody and is lying in the Jail hospital.

SEVERE WEATHER IN NORTH INDIA.

Thunderstorms and Hail.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, APRIL 20.

A storm of exceptional severity and unprecedented for this time of the year passed over Lucknow this morning. It commenced at 8 and raged till 12, for the last hour with perfect fury, several inches of rain and quantities of hailstone fell, some of the stones being half an inch across. The wind had the force of gale; at times thunder was deafening and lightning vivid and continuous, and so black the sky that one had to use artificial light to enable work to proceed. The lowlying parts of the town were flooded and traffic was quite disorganised. "The Indian Daily Telegraph" press was partially flooded and the paper was produced under great difficulties. There was over a foot and a half of water in the press compound. Many parts of the City must have suffered severe damage and wheat crops in the district must have been considerably damaged, also mango trees and other fruit.

QUETTA, APRIL 20.

Heavy rain has fallen in Baluchistan during the last two days and there has been a fresh fall of snow on the frontier hills. Corn crops and fruit trees in Quetta are in a most favourable condition and although we have had a couple of stiff gales lately, no damage has been done to the young fruit.

INDIAN AND WESTERN EDUCATION.

How to Create Healthy Fusion.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, APRIL 20.

Rao Bahadur M. Runga Chariar, M. A., Professor of Sanskrit and Comparative Philology, Presidency College, and Registrar of Books, delivered an eloquent speech at the prize distribution of the Town High Schools at Kumbakonam. In wise and weighty words he directed students and teachers as to the best way to take advantage of education. He agreed with H. E. the Governor that exclusive draughts of Western education produced intoxication that took the form of liberty run mad. The keynote of English education and literature was liberty; that of Indian education and literature was obedience and respect for law and authority. The only way to correct heavy draughts of Western education with its inculcation of liberty was, with copious draughts of Indian literature with inculcation of the need of sweet reasonableness and obedience to law and order.

THE LATE HYDERABAD FLOODS.

H. H. the Nizam's Generosity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, APRIL 20.

Among the many gracious acts of His Highness the Nizam few have been so appreciated more widely than his recent commands that the employes of the Victoria Zenana Hospital on duty during the night of the recent floods be presented with three months' salary and recompensed to the extent of half the value of the losses sustained by them in the disaster. Miss Pinto and Miss Corea, House Surgeons, have, by His Highness' commands, been promoted for the grade of Senior Assistant Surgeons for gallantry shown that night in not leaving their charges though in extreme personal danger.

Still another example of His Highness' clemency is his command to withdraw the Customs claim against Rai Bahadur Sett Ram Gopal for alleged importation of foreign silver coins to the value of over Rs. 4,00,000, and a command to the Central Relief Committee to accept that Sowcar's offer to build 150 houses for persons left destitute by the floods.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY—ARRIVALS. April 20.—Lieut Bruce Turnbull, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, from Umbala.
Major Kelly, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, from Umbala.
Major Spence, Divn. of C of S from England.
Captain Watt, 2nd Goorkhas, from Abbottabad.
Major Pilcher, R E, from Allahabad.
Captain Walton, R E, from Peshawar.
Lt Col Brownrigg, 128th Pioneers, from Poona.
Lieut Netley, Duke of Wellington's Regiment, from Kasauli.
Captain Malet, 64th Pioneers, from Belgaum.
Lieut Vernon, 60th Rifles, from Jubbulpore.
Lieut Davis, 60th Rifles, from Jubbulpore.
Major Burst, 34th P H, from Aurungabad.

DEPARTURES. April 20—Lieut Sinclair R H A, to England.
Captain Geddes, 64th Pioneers, to Belgaum.
Captain Paris, R E, to England.
Captain Malet, 64th Pioneers, to England.
Captain Branson, 88th C I, to Ootacamund.
Major Pinney, 38th C I H, to England.
Major Burst, 34th P H, to England.
Lieut Bruce Turnbull, 23rd Pioneers, to England.
Major Spence, C of S Division, to Simla.
Captain Watt, 2nd Goorkhas, to England.
Major Reid, 30th M E, to England.
Major Pilcher, A C R E, to England.
Captain Walton, R E, to England.
Captain Girdwood, 1st Northm Fus, to England.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 19.

Brigadier-General F. H. Kelly, Commanding Ahmednagar Brigade, has three and a half months' leave.

It is notified that the tenure of the following whole-time subordinate medical appointments for Hospital Assistants is now fixed at three years extensible to five:—sub-medical charge of Army Headquarter establishments at Simla; Departmental followers Hospitals; Cantonment Hospitals.

CAPTAIN M. R. C. MacWatters, I.M.S., has been appointed to the substantive Medical Charge of the 82nd Punjabis, 5th (Mhow,) Division.

BY the *Malwa*, which sailed from Melbourne the other day for London, the children of the New State schools forwarded a Union Jack, enclosed in a casket of Australian timbers, for presentation to the elementary schools of Kew (England). Enclosed in the casket with the flag were a number of specimens of the work done by the children, with a few kind words of greeting. The casket was consigned to Sir Reginald Talbot, with a letter from Mr. W. J. Clark, chairman of the local Board of Advice, asking him to make the presentation on behalf of the local school children.

SIND'S PUBLIC PROSECUTOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—If not unduly trespassing upon your valuable space, I should like to say a few words in view of the great appeal which has been made by the Bar Association and the public of Sind to Government to consider carefully the claims of Mr. Lalchand Hassomal, B.A., LL.B., (the present Assistant Public Prosecutor for Sind), when filling up the post of the Public Prosecutor for Sind, shortly to fall vacant on Mr. Tookchand Udhavdas going on leave of six months.

Government undoubtedly tries its utmost not to overlook the claims of anybody serving it with faithfulness, industry and skill. But sometimes even the best balanced minds make mistakes. Last time when Mr. Tookchand went on short leave, Mr. Lalchand, who had been acknowledged to have given entire satisfaction as an assistant Public Prosecutor for Sind, was passed over. To the people of Sind it still remains a question whether such an error was due to oversight or favouritism? It is however sincerely hoped that no mistake will be allowed to be committed this time and that the combined prayers of the Bar Association and the people of Sind, who with one voice pronounce Mr. Lalchand Hassomal the only fit man in Sind, after Mr. Tookchand, to fill the place of the Public Prosecutor for Sind with distinction, will be unhesitatingly granted.

In conclusion I shall quote what the "Sind Gazette" of the 26th ultimo says of Mr. Lalchand:—"From the resolution passed unanimously by the Karachi Bar Association this morning, published in local columns of this paper, it will be seen that, as Mr. Tookchand Udhavdas is going on six months' leave, the Karachi Bar strongly support the claims of Mr. Lalchand Hassomal to the post of Public Prosecutor for Sind. Diwan Lalchand is a well-known figure, not only in this city but throughout the whole Province. A Graduate of the Bombay University, Mr. Lalchand passed his LL. B. and was granted a Sanad on the 9th February 1892, and has had a remarkably successful career as a sound lawyer for over seventeen years. Ever since Mr. Motiram S. Advain resigned, some five years ago, Mr. Lalchand has been Assistant Public Prosecutor for Sind. During this period Mr. Lalchand has more than amply demonstrated his professional capacity and has proved thoroughly worthy of the appointment and equal to the duties imposed upon him, which he has discharged with praiseworthy zeal. We have no doubt Government will consider his claims, as his appointment would be a matter of satisfaction to the various sections of the community among whom he is very popular."—Yours, etc.,

X. Y. Z.

THE SOLDIERS' HOME.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The report of the work done among Soldiers and Sailors in Bombay for the past thirty years by Mrs. Briggs has never been brought prominently before the public. Only those intimately associated with Mrs. Briggs know how much time, money and womanly sympathy she has, during all these years, bestowed upon Service men who have from time to time come and gone from this Port and Garrison.

I would like it to be clearly understood that the present Soldiers' Welcome and the future Soldiers' Home have risen out of and are developments of the work originally started and pursued with indefatigable devotion and energy by Mrs. Briggs, which have been carried on in later years by her more or less single-handed. The present development of the work needed more suitable quarters, and that is why General Greenfield worked so hard in the interests of the soldiers before leaving Bombay, obtaining for the "Home" the use of the old Defence Office.

We wish Mrs. Briggs many more years of success in the noble work she has initiated and fostered in The Temperance Hall, which she is carrying on with as much energy now in the sere and yellow of life as she did in earlier years; and she may with perfect assurance and modesty regard the more pretentious effort of to day as a superstructure raised on the foundation laid by her.—Yours, &c.,

C. R. MARRETT.

DUST BIN CARTS.

Abating the Nuisance.

The Health Department of the Bombay Municipality has issued the following Notice :—

The public are hereby informed that with the object of gradually doing away with the nuisance of as many of the stationary dust bin carts in the streets of this City as possible the Municipality are providing in each building, sanitary dust bins for the deposit of house refuse. Such sanitary dust bins have already been located in the buildings on Wellington Lines, portion of Wodehouse Road, Apollo Reclamation, Marine Lines, and Malabar Hill, and it is intended to take up other localities from time to time.

The residents of these buildings are earnestly requested to assist the Municipality by giving instructions to their servants to deposit the house refuse in these bins and not to throw it carelessly in their gardens or other open spaces in the vicinity of their buildings. The bins will be cleared by the Health Department twice a day, in the mornings, and afternoons.

THE FANCY FETE.

TO-DAY being the last day of the Grand Fancy Fete in aid of the Bomanji Dinshah Petit Parsee General Hospital, the enclosure on the Oval is expected to be crowded with spectators. A very attractive programme has been arranged for to-day. Ten massed bands will play, which alone is sure to draw a large number of visitors. The Fete has proved a decided success, for which great credit is due to Messrs. J. B. Petit and E. D. Lam.

THE Governor of Uganda, in a recent report to the Colonial Office, records a visit he paid to the Mbale Bazaar, in the Elgon district, in the course of which he made a survey of the contents of one of the largest shops, that of Hera Lal, an Indian. "It was distressing to find," he says, "that in this pioneer market the value of the goods of British manufacture did not comprise more than 15 per cent. of the whole stock in trade. With the exception of 'Bafta' (a cheap line of cotton sheeting) practically the whole of the great and growing cotton goods trade of Uganda is supplied by German and American manufacturers. Manchester appears to make no effort whatever to compete with its rivals. India on the contrary is steadily increasing its exports to the East Coast of Africa, and Bombay cotton prints are closely running German goods. Belgium also is beginning to compete in this line. 'Americani,' a very cheap and inferior description of white cotton stuff which is the most popular clothing material used by natives throughout the Protectorate, is almost a monopoly of the United States manufacturers." The Governor adds that he noticed that in nearly every instance the goods in Hera Lal's stock which came from foreign countries were made up so as to give the impression that they were British make. The "Americani" from the United States is frequently adorned with the Imperial Crown, and is described as "Royal" or "Imperial." The looking-glasses made in Germany bear portraits of our Royal Family; the cigarette papers made in France have directions printed in English: the brass buttons made in Austria have the British crown and anchor; and numberless other instances might be cited, showing how foreign manufacturers are trying to turn to their own account the reputation that British makers have earned for high quality and sterling worth.

ASIATICS AND THE GOLD LAW.

Disabilities in the Transvaal.

IMPORTANT POINT SETTLED.

In the Transvaal Supreme Court, on the 16th ultimo before the Chief Justice, Sir James Rose-Innes and Sir Wm. Smith, there was an application for an order compelling the respondent to issue a general dealer's licence.

Advocate B. Tindall appeared for applicant, and Advocate Mathews for the Colonial Treasurer.

Counsel for applicant said that the licence was refused on the ground that the applicant was trading on a stand on proclaimed ground, and that therefore it was illegal to issue the licence. Applicants had under two different names been carrying on trade on that stand since 1898 and had a lease for the premises till 1916. They never had any trouble in getting their licence till this year, when section 130 of Act 35 1908 (the new Gold Law) came in force.

The Chief Justice: Is that your contention, Mr. Mathews? Was the licence refused on this ground?

Advocate Mathews: Yes, my Lord; my contention is that under the new Gold Law those licences cannot any more be issued legally.

Advocate Tindall argued that if the words of Section 133 of the old law were to be taken in their widest sense, no coloured man could get a licence for any work on proclaimed ground and this would lead to many absurdities. The meaning of the section can only be that no licence shall be issued in connection with the working of the mines proper. The words "beworking" refers only to the actual mining and not to management of the mines. Coloured people have the same right as other people in this Colony, unless the statutory law provides otherwise. The interpretation of the statutory law in this case has to be on the lines that long practice and use has given certain interpretation. In this case since 1898 the law had been constantly interpreted in applicant's favour, and there is no reason why at this juncture the authorities should take up a different position. The Legislature and the Government have acquiesced for years in the licence being issued and they cannot now alter their attitude. Counsel went on dealing with the provisions of the new Gold Law affecting his case, arguing that existing contracts between parties—and the applicants had a lease which was supposed to be valid under the old Gold Law—could not be made void by the new law Section 130 read by the light of Section 77 can only refer to stands in townships. The rights acquired by the owner of the stand Mr. Segall, under the Gold Law of 1896 will have to stand unaltered and among those rights was undoubtedly the right to transfer or sublet.

Advocate Mathews: Under all the Gold Laws (old and new) the trading of Asiatics or coloured persons on mining stands is prohibited. Diggings were always special areas where the Mining Commissioner had Supreme power, and where special legal restrictions obtained. The Gold Law of 1891 gives the right of trading on mining stands exclusively to white people. It is a special right given to special persons. It is a personal right. "Licenceholder" in Section 133 does not refer only to claim licences, but includes all licences.

The Chief Justice: Would it include hawkers' licences, for instance?

Advocate Mathews: I would not go so far, my Lord, but would draw the line at any licence which caused any squatting on the mining area.

The Chief Justice: I cannot see how you can deduce this limitation from the words of Section 133.

Advocate Mathews: The Mining Commissioner under the old Gold Law had very wide powers and the dealing with licences is, so to say, taken away from the law and left in the hands of the Mining Commissioner. In making the provision of Section 133 the Legislature must therefore have had in mind all the licences and not only those immediately connected with mining. The general policy of the Legislature was to keep coloured persons off the diggings, and this policy was carried out by Section 133 of 1892. The Government never contemplated the possibility that white people should evade the law by giving long leases as in this case, where a lease was given for 15 years. The present position taken up by the Government is therefore not unreasonable. As regards Section 130 of the new Gold Law, it undoubtedly safeguards acquired rights, but in this case no right was evident. It intended to put a stop to all sort of malpractices without causing hardships. The owner of the stand never had a right to sublet or transfer to an Asiatic.

The Chief Justice: Supposing the subletting to an Asiatic under the old law legal, then according to your argument the lessor who had acted in good faith, now has the choice either to go to gaol or to be mulcted in heavy damages if he does not stand by his contract.

Advocate Mathews: Under ordinary circumstances this would be so, but I submit that the circumstances are extraordinary. The subletting to coloured people was always a legal evasion of the law, and the evader has therefore to bear the consequences of his evasion. Section 130 clearly penalises any standholder subletting to coloured persons on mining areas. I submit the rights and obligations appertaining to the stand are the statutory rights and obligations conferred by the law of 1903. No common law title deed, is held, but a statutory law title-deed.

THE JUDGMENT.

The Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said the applicants were a firm of Indians and were the licensees from one Segall of a stand at Nigel, where they had been carrying on a general dealer's business. The lease was granted in 1898. It had been altered in writing from time to time, and had currency up to the 31st of March of next year. The applicants alleged that in October, 1908, they entered into a further verbal agreement which gave them the lease for a further five years, up to March 31, 1915. They had received a general dealer's licence from year to year but now the Receiver refused to renew the licence on the ground that such a licence could not be granted to a coloured person under the Gold Law. It was contended that under the old Gold Law of 1908 it was illegal for any coloured person to hire or occupy a stand on a proclaimed area and that applicant's lease, therefore, was of no force and effect. No doubt the wording of the section relied on was very strict, but that did not mean that the Court should strain any of its provision. The section must be carefully and strictly constructed, Section 92 provided that no coloured person could hold a stand licence on a proclaimed area, but it did not say that no coloured person could occupy a stand. That being so, it seemed to his Lordship that the occupation of a stand on a proclaimed area by a coloured person could not be held to be illegal under the Gold Law of 1908. His Lordship was clearly of opinion that there was nothing in the Gold Law of 1898 which made the applicant's lease illegal. The Court could now consider the contention that the law of 1898 prohibited any coloured person from holding a trading license upon a proclaimed area. If the words of the section here relied on were given their widest construction then no coloured doctor, or no coloured attorney could be licensed; no coloured person could be licensed as a cab-driver; no coloured person could be granted a hawker's licence in respect of a proclaimed gold field. That would certainly have a most startling result. In his Lordship's opinion the Court was not bound to give these words their widest meaning, because the wording of the section was "in any way connected with the working of a diggings." These words afforded to his Lordship a valuable clue as to the intention of the Legislature in framing this section. The licences which it was intended that a coloured person could not hold were, in his opinion, licences connected with the working of a diggings, connected with the working of mining operations. That did not mean any provision of necessities connected with the working of a diggings—it applied only to anything directly connected with mining operations, such as claim licences, for instance. He had not lost sight of the fact that this section was clumsily drafted but it seemed to him that in making the provision it was the intention of the Legislature to emphasize a previous section. If there were any doubt as to what was the intention of the Legislature, His Lordship thought that the manner in which this action had been administered by successive governments from 1898 to the present time would justify his view. In trying to ascertain the intention of the Legislature he looked at what successive administrations had done. Trading licences had been freely issued to coloured persons from 1898, and before and this was a very important element in considering what was the original intention of the Legislature; he had, therefore, come to the conclusion that the contention made on behalf of the respondent under the old Gold Law must fail. As to the contention raised under the new Gold Law, His Lordship held that section 130, relied on by the respondent, did not apply to the present case, if the words of the section were to be given their ordinary meaning. His Lordship held, therefore, that the attitude taken up by the Receiver was wrong, and that the Court must compel him to grant this general dealer's licence.

Sir William Smith delivered a concurring judgment.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW AT SHIRALA.

A correspondent writes :—On April 16th, 17th and 18th the Bombay Agricultural Department held an Agricultural Show at Shirala in the South of the Satara District at the time of the annual Jatra at the temple of Gaorakshanath.

A local committee had been formed some time previously to arrange for exhibits, and a very large number had been sent in, representing all the principal crops of this very fertile tract. The exhibits of *gul*, tobacco, groundnuts and pulses were particularly good and indicated a very high order of cultivation.

The Agricultural Department held a series of demonstrations including the Iron Plough, the Chain-pump, and the Poona system of Gul making. Sugar making, the correct systems of preserving manure, and the best methods of dealing with insect pests and plant diseases. Lectures were also given on other agricultural and veterinary matters. The news of the forthcoming Show had attracted a number of cultivators considerably in excess of the ordinary number who attend this Fair; and the lectures and demonstrations were well attended. Over Rs. 400 were distributed in prizes for exhibits, and numbers of leaflets dealing with the methods recommended were distributed.

The arrangements bore evidence to the care and trouble taken by the local committee, the Mamletdar of Walva and the Mahalkari of Shirala.

Mr. P. G. Patil, Divisional Inspector of Agriculture, was in charge of the demonstrations and conducted them very successfully.

TREATMENT OF MR. GANDHI.

An Expression of Regret.

The "Natal Mercury," in the conclusion of a leader on Licensing matters, makes the following remarks :—

While on the topic, we may express what we believe to be the general regret of the Natal public that certain Transvaal officials should have thought it necessary the other day to subject Mr. Gandhi to the indignity of handcuffing while being walked through the streets to give evidence in the Police Courts. This, we believe, is the prescribed procedure under the regulations, but Mr. Gandhi is at least a political prisoner, and as such deserves better treatment than that measured out to debased criminals. A regulation that subjects any man, no matter what the charge against him, to such treatment is monstrous, and in this particular instance should have been avoided, as it will only provide a weapon against the Transvaal regarding its attitude towards Asiatics.

AN EARTHQUAKE MIRACLE.

Many curious and improbable stories were told in Messina after its disaster according to Robert Hichens, who has written vividly and picturesquely for the April "Century" of his experiences and observations "After the Earthquake." One of the strangest of the stories he heard he tells as follows:

"A woman, after the shock, was buried alone in her room. The door was blocked by fallen masonry. There was no means of ingress or egress, and the rest of the house had fallen in ruins. She was uninjured, but she was imprisoned. In this room she remained for eight days. It was a bedroom and contained no food. During the eight days she gave birth to twins. When searchers with picks and spades dug down to where she was, they found her and the twins strong and well. They took them out, and questioned her as to how she had managed to live, why she had not starved.

"'Every day a woman came and brought me food,'" she answered.

"They pointed out that this was impossible, as there was no means of getting into or out of the room, and the rest of the house had fallen.

"'I know,' she said. 'Nevertheless, it is true. I do not know how she came or went. She never spoke to me or looked at me. She was there each day, put food for me on the table, and disappeared. I had never seen her before and do not know who she was.'

"They asked for some description of the visitor, but could obtain no details.

"This woman was not raving. She was in good health, well nourished and had nursed the twins, who are thriving. She persists in her story.

"I told it to a Sicilian.

"'It was the Madonna who brought her food' he said 'She often does such things.'"

NO SENSE OF SHOCK.

"Most of the refugees with whom I have talked have told me that they felt no sense of fear when the shock came," writes Robert Hichens in the April "Century," in his account of personal experiences and observations "After the Earthquake." "One lady, who was buried up to her neck in debris, whose only child was killed at her side by falling masonry, and who was slightly wounded, said to me: 'I felt no fear only a feeling of impotent rage that I could not get to my child.' This lady was dragged out of the ruins by her younger sister after prolonged and almost superhuman efforts. Many people have told me that there were three separate and quite different movements of the earth in that awful minute. The first was backward and forward, the second upward, the third seemed to be circular. It was the second that destroyed Messina. Its violence, the fugitives say, was appalling. The noise, one man told me, was exactly like that made by a fast train in a tunnel. Another man said: "Before the first shock from the bowels of the earth there seemed to issue a roaring voice of menace. It made me clap my hands to my ears. Then came the shocks.

"This roaring voice of the earth was succeeded by a strange and horrible silence after Messina had fallen in ruins, after the houses had toppled, the barracks and churches had crashed to the ground, the hotels had buried their inmates. There was a silence, and then all over what had been a sleeping city broke forth the shrieks of the wounded, the yells of those who had suddenly gone mad, the frantic prayers of women, curses from many men, the fierce howling of dogs."

THE PASSING OF AN EARTHQUAKE.

There is peculiar interest in Mr. Frank A. Perret's account of "That Messina Earthquake in the April "Century," because this distinguished observer, formerly honorary assistant at Royal Vesuvian observatory has predicted disaster on Mount Etna for two years past, and was hurrying to Italy anticipating disturbance, when the disaster came.

"The dread demon of the earthquake, Mr. Perret characterizes it in his article and this "dread demon," he goes on to say, "came with a curious singing sound as of a far-off windstorm, till with a rumble and a roar it reached the cities of the strait, throwing the solid ground into a series of stony waves, lifting the houses bodily, then tossing them to and fro, almost as a terrier shakes a rat, and ending in some places with a rotary twist more terrifying than all the rest. The buildings, fair to look upon, had built of rubble and weakened by the strains of previous earthquakes, collapsed amid suffocating clouds of dust into a hideous conglomeration of beams, girders, mortar and stone, crushing or imprisoning the inmates and falling into the streets and wounding many of those who had escaped. Whatever had been a village or a city was now a ruin and a hecatomb—in half a minute forty towns destroyed and over a hundred thousand dead!

"The sea retired a little from the shore, boiled up in a foamy mass, then rose and flowed upon the land as a tidal wave seven feet in height at Messina and nearly double that upon the Calabrian shore overturning the Railway cars along the beach, lifting ships from their anchorage and crushing down embankments then receding and carrying away the boxes, boats and casks of lemon rind, till all the waters of the strait were filled with wreckage."

SMUGGLED ARMS.

Discovery at Nasik.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, APRIL 18.

Yesterday Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, District Magistrate Vithal Balkrishna Joshi (20), a Brahmin, describing himself as a student, and Mahadeo Balwant Gadgil (25), a Brahmin dealer in Swadeshi caps, was charged with importing a revolver and a pistol from Gwalior without a license, and thereby committing an offence under Section 19C of the Arms Act.

Mr. Toradmal applied to the Court to take the evidence of Mr. S. A. Palsikar, the City Mamlatdar, before whom the two accused had made confessional statements, and to adjourn the further inquiry of the case, as witnesses had to be summoned from a long distance.

Mr. Sakaram Acarut Palsikar, was then examined and produced the confessional statements made before him by the accused.

The story of Vithal Joshi, as given in his statement was that he, his mother and his brother Keshao lived at Data's Wada in Nasik. Keshao was in Government service and was now transferred to Satara. Joshi remained at Nasik to study at the Nasik High School. About a year and a half ago, Joshi stated, his maternal cousin told him that the Allahabad University was better than the Bombay University, and he formed the idea of going to Gwalior to study there. At this time Ganesh Damoder Savarker and his younger brother Narayan lived in the same Wada in which he lived and he knew them well. Ganesh Savarker was then busy promoting the Swadeshi movement and asked Joshi to assist him. He gave Joshi an oath by Shivaji not to use foreign-made goods and to give his life in the cause of the country.

RECRUITING AT GWALIOR.

This happened in January, 1908. Joshi afterwards went to Gwalior on the advice of his brother and there lived with his maternal cousin, named Nachar Bindurao Bhandar Kothekar. Before going to Gwalior, Joshi was asked by Savarkar to be on a look-out for boys who were willing to serve their country, and to give them an oath. While at Gwalior Joshi found that there were two such boys, by named Khirwadkar and Desai, and he accordingly gave them oaths. The object of bringing together such men was to bring about unity in the country and to gradually establish Swaraj, in say, thirty or forty years. This was the intention of their Society. With regard to study, Joshi found that the course of study there for the 6th and 7th standards was the same, and as he was asked to sit in the 6th class he gave up his idea of studying there. Having secured the services of Desai and Khirwadkar for the Society, Joshi returned to Nasik. But before leaving he purchased a pistol for Rs. 5 at Gwalior through Desai, and brought it with him to Nasik. Here he handed it over to Savarker and told him what he had done at Gwalior. After that Joshi went to Baroda. It might be about the first week in September. There he joined the Ganganath Bharatya Sarva Vidyalaya (i.e., the Ganganath Institute for all Indian Arts and Sciences), which was situated about two miles away from Baroda. He changed his name from Joshi to Rahalkar. Before going to Baroda, he was asked by one Gadgil, who sold caps at Nasik, to order out a pistol for him. Joshi accordingly wrote to Desai at Gwalior to send one to his address to the care of Gadgil by post. Gadgil subsequently received a six-barrelled revolver by V.P.P. for Rs. 10, which was paid by Gadgil. Joshi did not see the revolver.

A BARODA SCHOOL.

At Baroda, Joshi continued, he received primary and religious education, and learnt carpentry. He also joined Manekrao's Akhada (i. e. gymnasium) at Bandia Bazar. He wanted to take lessons in lathi exercises, but only those who had great physical strength, were admitted to that class. Joshi had no time to take these lessons, and after a stay of three months he returned to Nasik last January. Joshi stated that at Baroda he did not recruit any one for the Society. He had special instructions from Savarker to select only fit men, who were to be told that they should not be in a hurry as the people in Bengal, but that arms were to be collected gradually and that Swaraj was to be gained after thirty or forty years. Joshi had administered oaths to Khirwadkar and Desai and informed them of Savarker's views. The oath was given in the name of the God Maruti. At Baroda a student, named Dattoo Phadke was in the same school with Joshi and he was given the oath at Nasik by some one whom Joshi did not know. Khirwadkar was the secretary of a library at Gwalior, known as Vachan Mitra Samaj. The Mitra Mela of Nasik had made it a rule, not to admit a member into any of its classes for eight months after he had been given the oath. Hence Joshi did not know who were the members of the Nasik Mitra, Mela. Savarker had given Joshi a copy of the "Yugantar" newspaper, containing an article on Prophul. After his return from Gwalior Joshi sent it to Khirwadkar.

Mahadeo Balwant Gadgil stated in his confession that about two years ago Savarker gave him an oath always to use Swadeshi goods, to boycott foreign goods, and to be prepared to undergo any trial that he might be called upon to face. Gadgil knew Savarker in connection with the Swadeshi movement, and he made him to take the oath by Shivaji and by his parents. Since that time Gadgil had opened a shop to sell Swadeshi caps. He did not, however, go out of Nasik to help the Swadeshi movement. Only once he went to Satara with Babasaheb Khare with a view to make speeches. Possibly it might be at Malegaon. Gadgil once tried to make a speech at Nasik, but could not speak a word. He knew a number of persons who had taken oaths in connection with the Swadeshi movement, but did not know any person who had done the same for establishing Swaraj. Some days afterwards Bapu Joshi came to his shop to purchase caps. They then became known to each other. On his return from Gwalior Joshi met him in his shop and told him that people at Gwalior enjoyed greater liberty than in British India, that they were allowed to carry arms, and that, in fact, every one was armed.

He also showed him a pistol which he had brought from Gwalior. Gadgil thereupon asked him to get one for him also. Joshi said it would cost about Rs. 8 or Rs. 10. Gadgil agreed to pay the amount. But hearing of Police searches afterwards Gadgil thought he would be brought into trouble if he kept a weapon like that, and asked Joshi not to order out the pistol. But in the meanwhile a V.P.P. for Rs. 11-11 was received by him. He paid the amount. In his account-book he had debited the amount to one Gopal Waman Joshi, who was in the service of Babasaheb Khare as his karkun. He had made a mark at the end of the entry. Gadgil said he opened the parcel the following day. He found it contained a six-barrelled revolver, some caps in a match-box, and some powder which was wet like mud. At night he went to the river and tried to pull the trigger. After a great deal of pressure one of the caps burst, but the powder remained intact. The next day he oiled the revolver, but still the trigger did not work well. He then candid the different parts of the revolver when two pieces fell out. From this he inferred that it was broken. He tried to join all the parts again, but in vain. About ten or eleven o'clock at night he went to the bridge on the river and threw the revolver into the stream. He did not remember whether he showed the revolver to Joshi. All this happened last September.

Both the accused in answer to questions put by the Court said they had nothing to say about their confessional statements, and that they had no objection to the case being adjourned.

Further hearing of the case was then adjourned.

MIDDLETON'S CINEMATOGRAPH.

A new cinematograph entertainment has been added to those on the Maidan at Bombay and Mr. Middleton, the proprietor, gave an entertainment last night to which admission was by invitation, preliminary to his opening to the public this evening. The selection of pictures was well varied, including many that were humorous, and others that were instructive as well as entertaining, while the sporting section of the public were well provided with amusement by the excellent series illustrating the great fight in Australia between Tommy Burns the late world's heavy-weight champion and Bill Squires the Australian champion. These pictures were very clear, and depicted some of the most exciting incidents in a great contest. Among the humorous subjects "The Depilatory Powder", with which the entertainment opened, and "Will he Catch them" raised abundant laughter from the crowded audience, while "Playmates" was a pretty illustration of animal affection, showing how a collie-dog resisted all attempts to separate him from his old friend the pony. These were only two or three items in a thoroughly good programme, which was uniformly attractive.

THE NASIK SEDITION CASE.

Ganesh Committed to the Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, APRIL 18.

Mr. A. M. T. Jackson, District Magistrate, resumed hearing of the case in which Ganesh Damoder Savarker, stands charged with abetting the offence of waging war against the King-Emperor and with publishing seditious Marathi poems, entitled "Laghu Abinav Bharat Mala" i.e. the "Small, New Indian Series." Mr. N. V. Gole, Public Prosecutor, prosecuted, while Messrs. R. H. Gadre and R. G. Pradhan, Pleaders, appeared for the accused.

At the outset Mr. Gole proposed to recall Mr. M. P. Toradmal, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nasik, to identify certain books which were found in a search made in the accused's house.

Mr. Gadre inquired if the Public Prosecutor was justified in tendering this piece of evidence at that late stage of the case.

His Honour asked whether Mr. Gadre raised this point on the ground that the accused was likely to be prejudiced.

Mr. Gadre said he did.

His Honour pointed out that the prosecution had not yet completed their case.

Mr. Gadre said the witness had already been examined twice. On the last occasion the Public Prosecutor had stated that only Bapuji Dinanath remained to be examined.

His Honour said that was no reason for his rejecting evidence which was relevant.

Mr. Gole said what he stated on the last occasion was that he would not ask for any further adjournment.

Mr. Gadre remarked that as the Public Prosecutor was assisted by so many officers, there was no justification for proceeding with the case in this manner.

His Honour said Mr. Gadre was entitled to make any remarks on the way in which the prosecution managed their case. Still the Court could not reject any revelant evidence.

Mr. Gole submitted that the witnesses for the prosecution had not been cross-examined and the defence had no reasonable ground to complain.

His Honour also thought the accused was not likely to be prejudiced, and disallowed the objection.

Mr. Gadre's request a note was made about the point raised by him.

Mr. Maruti Pandurang Toradmal, Assistant Superintendent of Police, further examined by Mr. Gole, said that in June, 1908, the accused's house in Bombay was searched by the Bombay Police in the presence of the witness and a, panchnama was held during the search. Among other things the Police found the following books: (1) A Book on Signalling in Marathi; (2) Infantry Sword Exercises; (3) Rifle and Carbine Exercises; (4) Instruction in Military Engineering; (5) The Science of War; and (6) The Secret Societies of the European Revolution. These books were sent to Nasik by the Bombay Police.

Witness was not cross-examined.

Mr. Bapuji Dinanath, formerly First Assistant Registrar of the Bombay Small Causes Court and a teacher at the Sir J. J. School of Art, was then examined by Mr. Gole. He said he had compared hand-writings for the last forty years, and his service were requisitioned in the Bombay High Court, the Bombay Small Causes Court, the Bombay Police Court and many mofussil Courts. He had had to give evidence as an expert in handwriting on a number of occasions. The witness was shown letters Ex. O, P, and Q, purporting to have been written by the accused. He said he had compared the handwriting on all the three documents on the 24th March last and was of opinion that they were in one and the same hand. The witness was also shown Ex. N S and R all alleged to be in the handwriting of the witness Brahme. These also he had compared on the 24th March. The Ex. N and S. were in the same hand. The two English signatures on both the papers were in the witness's opinion in the same hand, but the signature in Ex. S had different flourishes to the signature in Ex. N Still they were in the same hand. The formation of certain letters was identical, though the flourishes were different. Ex. R was also written in a different style. The writer had tried to make the flourishes seem different but on comparing the letters simply he was of opinion that they were in the same hand.

This was the case for the prosecution.

The accused declined to make any statement in this Court and said he would say all that he had to say in the Sessions Court.

His Honour said he would take time to consider what charges he should frame against the accused, and adjourned the case

NASIK, APRIL 19.

The District Magistrate at Nasik, Mr. Jackson, disposed on Monday of the case in which Ganesh Damodar Savarkar was charged with sedition. He committed the accused for trial at the Sessions on the following three counts:—(1) That on 18th March, 1908, he attempted to excite disaffection against the King-Emperor and Government by publishing poems called "Laghu Abinav Bharat Mala"; (2) that he abetted the waging of war against the King-Emperor; and (3) that in December, 1903, at Nasik he was concerned in a conspiracy with Luxmon Vasudev Brahme and others to wage war against the King-Emperor.

His Honour stated that the conclusion he drew from the evidence was that Savarker was concerned with Brahme and others in a conspiracy for the purpose of overthrowing the British Government in India by force of arms; that for this purpose he published seditious poetry and kept seditious leaflets for distribution, and had prepared for publication a violent essay in praise of the Bengal anarchists, with whom he was in full sympathy and from whom he had obtained a copy of a bomb-making handbook; and That he had made a study of various military subjects and of the organisation and methods of secret societies with a view to the success of his aims

SWAMIJI ORDERED OUT OF A TRAM-CAR.

From correspondence appearing in the "Times of Natal" we learn that on the 10th instant a party of Indians, including Swami Shri Shankeranand, boarded a Maritzburg tram-car on their way to the railway-station. Swamiji, it appears, took his seat inside the car, whilst his friends went on the top. Shortly afterwards, the conductor, it is stated, rudely ordered the Swamiji out of the car and no reply except an oath was given to his question as to why he was to go. Upon their arrival back in the city another conductor gave permission to the Swamiji to take his seat inside the car.

The high-handed action of the conductor in the morning, writes "Fairplay" in his letter, has roused the whole Indian community. The Christians, Hindus, and Mahomedans have sunk their differences, held a mass meeting, and appointed a committee of their leading men to interview the authorities and inquire into their position in this matter.

The Editor of the "Times of Natal" remarks, in a foot-note, that a tramway official with the least grain of commonsense should be able to discriminate in these matters.

SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM.

Mr. John Barrow, residing at 15, Duke Street, Bradford, Manchester, England, writes:—"I shall never fail to recommend Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to others, for the medicine has done me wonderful good.

"For two or three years I suffered from what I believe was sciatica and rheumatism. There were pains in the legs and the bottom of the back, and sometimes when walking briskly along a street, I have been seized with sharp, cutting pains in the hips and knees, causing me to walk lame for a time.

"I have tried mustard baths and Turkish baths, and had medical treatment, but all to little avail. A short course of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, however, has practically cured me. I have felt like a new man since using the medicine. I remain, yours respectfully.

(Signed) "JOHN BARROW."

"Nearly six and-a half years later" Mr Barrow added:—"I stand by all I said for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills nearly seven years ago; and although I always like to keep the medicine handy, I am glad to say there has been no sign of the sciatica returning."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, APRIL 12.

In a recent note I referred to the treatment to which a Surgeon had been subjected. The gentleman referred to is Dr. Mahomed Buran, who is attached to the district of Nirmul, and is believed to be an expert officer who enjoyed the confidence of so exacting a chief as was Colonel Lawrie. When this officer found he was about to be shelved, he naturally moved the Government in his own interest. That he is fit for further active service has been abundantly proved, first by Colonel Thompson, M.D., the Civil Surgeon of Secunderabad, and, subsequently by a Medical Board composed of Colonel Thompson, Major Bleakinsop, and Lieutenant Hume. The question of physical fitness, therefore, is no longer in doubt. What then could be the motive in forcing the retirement of an officer before he had attained the age-limit, who labours under no professional disqualification, and is not guilty of dereliction of duty or disobedience of orders? I understand that the Home Secretary has taken up the case and placed himself in correspondence with the Director of the Medical Department.

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Among all the students of the local girls' schools who appeared for the last Matriculation Examination, none passed except the one who was sent up by the Secunderabad St. Ann's Convent. This young lady is Miss May O'Loughlin. The continued success of St. Ann's Convent in the Middle School and Matriculation Examinations is eloquent proof of the splendid efforts of its good Nuns in the cause of education, particularly at a time when schools are more concerned in collecting fees than imparting education. I know of some teachers who expect parents and guardians to coach up their children and send them to school to repeat what they have so learned. And this, I believe, is the latest definition of home-work!

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During the last rise of the Musi River, which washed away the temporary bridges, hundreds of barrels of cement were carried away by the water and buried nobody knows where. This is a great loss to Government. Could not some reasonable precaution have been taken against such an eventuality, when the authorities were aware that, should it rain, the Musi was likely to be in flood?

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After a short illness Mrs. Barrett, senior, who was one of the oldest inhabitants of Secunderabad, died at the residence of her son Dr. N. Barrett in Chudderghat, at 5-30 p.m., on Maundy Thursday. She was also the mother of Father P. Barrett, and had two other sons who were employed in the Nizam's Railway, one of whom died about two years ago. The lady was 80 years of age at the time of her death, and the funeral, which took place the next evening, was attended by over a thousand people. The cortege moved from Dr. Barrett's residence and the remains were interred in the Secunderabad Cemetery. Mrs. Barrett was a lady of some means, most of which she spent in giving her children a liberal education. The very large attendance at the funeral showed how much she was esteemed.

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Yesterday morning a sensation was caused in Ramkote by the report that a man had committed suicide. Inquiries confirmed this and the facts that were ascertained showed that the act was a deliberate one. The deceased, Venkatram, was an accountant in the Thuggee and Dacoity Office and was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of funds aggregating Rs. 1,800. In this case there were a few accomplices too. The documentary evidence against the accused was nearly absent as most of the records of the Thuggee Office were submerged in the September flood of the River Musi. Under warrant, Venkatram was arrested on the Thursday previous, but was released on Saturday after giving bail. From that time he grew moody, and on Sunday morning he took a fatal dose of poison. In the very throes of death, the man commenced writing his own dying declaration, in which he stated all the circumstances leading to his suicide. He also affirmed that he thought this step necessary as only by his death could the other accused prove their innocence. After the usual Panchnama, the body was allowed to be buried.

POLICE SEARCHES.

At Dhulia Mr. Shridhar Narayan Garud of the famous Garud family was arrested on a warrant issued from the Gwalior State for alleged sedition, says the "Maharatta." Shridhar is a student in the High School at Dhulia. His house was searched but nothing was found. At Wai, the house of Mr. Narhar Narayen Patwardhan, manager of "Makaranda," a vernacular monthly magazine, was searched on a warrant issued by the District Magistrate. The search continued for eight hours. Copies of all the novels published in the magazine, two or three manuscript copies of novels, a few issues of the magazine, and some correspondence were seized by the Police. A room in the "Modavritta" press was also searched, because papers relating to the magazine were being kept there. At Nagpur, Assistant I. G. of Police, Mr. Playfair, presented himself at the Deshsewak office and asked the editor of the paper if he had any objection to his office being searched without any warrant for the same. The editor said, he had none, and after searching some boxes which contained books, Mr. Playfair left the office with his police constables, without seizing anything. At Kolhapur, the house of Balsing, constable, was searched, in which some ammunition caps were found. At Poona the house of Professor Kolhatkar of the Fergusson College was searched by the police. Two cousins of Professor Kolhatkar who came from Gwalior and stayed with him, were arrested by the police on telegraphic instructions being received from Gwalior that the said students were suspected to be connected with some sedition case. The youths are aged 15 and 17 and are students of the New English School. They are at present set at liberty on bail on a surety of Rs. 2,000 for each by the City Magistrate. In the search photographs of Mr. Tilak, Lala Lajpatrai, Babu Bepin Chandra Pal and Shri Shivaji Maharaja, together with a few cartoons of the "Hindu Punch" of Thana and a book giving the account of the mutiny of 1857 published by Damodhar Savlaram and Co., of Bombay, were seized. At Yeotmal the house of Mr. Madhaw Shrihari Ane, B.A., B.L., was searched. A few issues of "Kesari" and "Amrita Bazar Patrika," Lectures of Messrs. Tilak, Aravinda Ghose, Bepin Chandra Pal, and Mrs. Annie Besant, Gatha of Tukaram and Niloba, Life of the poet Moropant, Marathi translations of Mahabharats and Bhagavat, a copy of Bhagvadgita, Rules of the Varshad Vidyaprasarak Mandali of Amraoti, fifty copies of the Triennial Report of the Vidyagriha of Yeotmal, a letter sent from Vani concerning "mushti fund," photograph of Messrs. Tilak, Aravinda Ghose, Bepin Chandra Pal, Lala Lajpatrai and even that of Hon. Mr. Gokhale, Notes on Algebra, History of India, Account books, and some other books were seized by the police. At Nasik, the house of one Mr. Phadke was searched. The house of Mr. Yamanshastri Takle of Nasik was searched. The police are busily engaged in thoroughly searching the bottom of the river Godavari with the aid of divers of Royal Indian Marine Service specially brought down from Bombay. After a search for a week the Police were able to get two iron-bars, one copper pot, 1 or 2 swords, &c. It is reported that the search is mainly for a revolver which is not yet found out.

THE Tea Districts Labour Supply Association has stated that as their Agents were opposed to the reintroduction of inoculation in the recruiting districts, as being likely to give a serious set-back to sirdari recruiting, it was hardly likely that they could take the desired action, but the question would be considered. Meantime they stated that in their opinion if inoculation were to be reinstituted it should take place after the coolies had left the district in which they are recruited; they suggested Goalundo as a suitable place for the inoculation. It was however to be pointed out to the Tea Districts Labour Association that Goslundo would not be a suitable place for carrying out the inoculation, as Professor Haffkine had stated that it is desirable that a period of four to five days after inoculation should elapse before the emigrants enter infected districts or go on board steamers, so that they might have time to develop a satisfactory state of immunity.

SPORTING NEWS.

HOCKEY.

Aga Khan Tournament.

Two games were decided yesterday afternoon in the first round of this Tournament, the matches being between the Cheshires and the 13th R. F. A. on the verne of the Marine Lines, and the Queen's Regiment and the Parsi Pioneers "B" who met on the ground of the Bombay Gymkhana.

13TH R. F. A. vs. CHESHIRES.

This match proved to be quite a good one. Although the Cheshires had the best of the exchanges, the Gunners from Kirkee played a hard game right through. They had an excellent side with the exception of one or two men who proved mere passengers and were certainly responsible for their team losing. The Cheshires who are stationed at Trimulgherry came with a big reputation, having quite recently annexed the Bangalore and Madras Hockey Cups and it is whispered that they have a very fair chance of making good headway in the Aga Khan. The form they displayed yesterday was not by any means such as we expect to see later in the Tournament. It could be seen that they were capable of a much better game, when opposed to a side that would fully extend them.

The teams were:—

CHESHIRES.—Goal, Private Wakefield; backs, Sergeant Price and Lance-Corporal Harris; halves, Lance-Corporal Cartwright, Private Charlesworth, and Private Simmonds; forwards, Privates Eden and Hance Corporal Trueman, Privates Mayes and Pickering.

13TH R. F. A.—Goal, Sergeant Hernegold; backs Lieut-McGrath and Dr. Hogarth; halves, Lieut-Farrer, Gunner Boak, and Bdr. Connaughton; forwards, Gunner Sturgeon, Bdr. Spiceley, Bdr. Storrie, Lieut. Wallace and Lieut. Akerman.

Play commenced fairly punctually and the Cheshires soon carried the ball into the Gunners' half and ten minutes from the first bully off Trueman, their centre forward, found the net with an easy goal. The Gunners then got going and Wallace sent in a splendid centre from the left, but with no effect. Another opening was afforded the Artillery when Storrie got a clear run to the circle. However he fumbled the ball near the goal and Harris nipping in just managed to clear. Play afterwards was fairly even. Pickering of the Cheshires received a good pass from the centre, and getting within the circle, shot but secured only a corner. Spiceley now got away but a useful rush was brilliantly checked by Harris. Half-time:

Cheshire Regt	1
13th R. F. A.	Nil.

When play was resumed the Cheshires made two or three attacks in quick succession, but their forwards lay too far up the field and were given offside. Play was then round the Cheshire goal, and Spiceley had a splendid chance of equalising, but lost it by being penalised for "sticks." The Cheshires secured the ball and the Gunners' goal was again in danger. The shot went wide and a corner was the only result. Lieutenant Akerman of the Gunners who was well fed right through the game, but lost many of the opportunities that were given him, here had a useful pass from the right wing but allowed himself to be robbed by the opposing back. The Cheshires had the better of the closing part of the game, and though they failed to score again got a well deserved victory. Final:—

Cheshire Regiment	1
13th R. F. A.	0

QUEEN'S REGIMENT vs. PARSI PIONEERS "B."

On the Gymkhana ground these teams played a scrappy and rather uninteresting game. The Queen's were much the heavier and steadier side and had the attack for considerably the major portion of the hour. Their forwards did not show much finish in combination but played a solid rushing game which quite upset the Parsi defence. Lce.-Corpl. Davidson, who was having a day out, was quite the best of the attacking line and scored four of their five goals. The teams were:—

QUEEN'S REGIMENT:—Goal, Pte. Ivatts; backs, Pte. Silver and Pte. Arnadell; halves, Pte. Grainger, Col.-Sergt. Stemp and Pte. Barnshaw; forwards, Lce.-Corpl. Oates, Pte. Gilbank, Corpl. Lance, Lce.-Corpl. Davidson and 2nd Lieut. Matthews.

PARSI PIONEERS "B":—Goal, Cabinet; backs, Motiwalla and Khodija; halves, Mehta, Irani and Mistri; forwards, Kotwal, Pavri, Lalkaka, Karinga and Gandhi.

The Queen's took the lead from the start, but their game within the circle was weak. They pressed effectively for about ten minutes and then Lieut. Matthews centring well, Lance scored a soft goal which Cabinet should have saved easily. After this until half-time the game was much more open. The Parsees had a spell of play in midfield and then pressed the Queens' goal for a little while. However their shooting was not good and their rather weak attempts at combination were repeatedly defeated by the steady play of the soldiers' half line. Lieutenant Matthews took the game to the other end, but over-ran the ball. Now for a minute or so later a second goal came from Davidson. The Parsee forwards had the game again, but though the faster in attack they could do little. Lieutenant Matthews, who was playing a smart game on the left wing, carried the ball down, but just inside the circle he was robbed by Motiwalla. Immediately afterwards the Parsee goal keeper smartly saved a high shot just under the cross-bar. Half time:—

Queen's Regiment	2
Parsee Pioneers "B"	0

During the second half the military team had all the better of the game. They opened with a warm attack and Khodija saved smartly right in front of goal. Davidson taking the ball from the right wing scored a third goal after a bit of a tussle with the goal-keeper, and two minutes later put on a fourth. Towards the end of the game the same player cleverly carried the ball from midfield to the circle and scored once more from an awkward angle. Final:—

Queen's Regiment	5
Parsee Pioneers "B"	0

CHESS.

All-India Tournament.

In the Bombay players' section of this tournament at Green's Restaurant the following further results have been recorded:—

H. E. Bamji beat D. W. Innes.
G. F. Pollard beat A. S. Taraporewala.
K. B. Meherji Rana beat P. P. Gleve.
L. N. Karle beat S. B. Joshi.
P. M. D. Sanderson beat N. H. Karanjia.
D. J. Variawa beat N. M. Patwardhan.
S. P. Pavri beat K. H. Vaidya.
R. D. Unwala beat Ratansey Valji.
G. F. Pollard beat H. E. Bamji.
R. B. Guzder beat P. M. D. Sanderson.
A. S. Taraporewala beat D. W. Innes.
S. B. Joshi beat N. M. Patwardhan.
E. H. Waterfield beat N. H. Karanjia.
D. J. Variawa beat Ratansey Valji.
K. B. Meherji and T. P. Pavri drew.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

IT is proposed to take a group of yachting members of the R. B. Y. C. at the Club at 5-30 p.m. today (Wednesday) 21st instant. Would those Yachtmen whose engagements permit kindly make an effort to be present?

The following Races will be sailed an Saturday 24th instant.

"A" Class Handicap Race—Course No. 20, distance 12·5 miles; start at 3 45 p.m.

"B" Class Handicap Race—Course No. 31, distance 11·6 miles; start at 3-35 p.m.

"C" Class Handicap Race—Course No. 19, distance 9·6 miles, start 3-45 p.m.

Ships Boat Handicap Race—6 entries or no race. Entries must be received not later than 5 p.m. on Thursday, 22nd instant.

Course No. 18, distance 8·7 miles, start at 3-15 p.m.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

REASON FOR IT.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," observed the Sunday-school teacher severely to the small girl, who had but too obviously omitted to wash her face that morning. "Look at your little brother; see how nice and clean he is."

The small girl sniffed. "Well," she replied, "it's is birfday."

MIXED GREETINGS.

A regiment of soldiers were at camp, and a young Scottish recruit was put on sentry outside the general's tent. In the morning the general rose and looked out of his tent, and said to the young man in a stern and loud voice—

"Who are you?"

The young man turned round smartly and said—"Fine; hoo's yersel'?"

A FEARFUL FIX.

Johnnie—"I am afraid I am going to be a twin pretty soon."

Jennie—"What do you mean?"

Johnnie—"Well, my sister Jennie used to be twenty-six years old, then she was twenty, and now she is only eighteen. If she doesn't stop growing younger I'm bound to be a twin. I never was in such a fearful fix in my life."

THE "DUNCH" SCORED.

A rural schoolmaster was one day greatly annoyed by not getting satisfactory answers to the question he put to one of the school-boys.

At last he called the dunce to the front, and handing him twopence, said, "Here's some money, away you go and buy some brains."

The master felt rather small when the boy turned round with the query, "And will I tell the shopkeeper they're for you?"

NO TOAST LIST.

Standing before a painting of Daniel in the lions' den, the little girl noticed that on the face of Daniel there was a seraphic smile, and she wondered at it.

"The lions looked to be hungry, and there seemed to be nothing to prevent them from eating him up, so she turned to her father and asked this question—

"Why does he looked so pleasant when he knows that the lions are going to eat him?"

Having in mind some long-winded speeches he had listened to at banquets, her father replied—

"He is looking pleasant because he knows there will be no speeches after the dinner."

WILLIE'S WATER-MARK.

"Willie," commanded the mother as the little family were about to set out for the Sunday-school treat, "you run back to the sink and wash your face again; and when you come out don't let me see that black watermark on your Book."

A little later, as the mother and her two children were hurrying toward the station, the boy and the girl unable to keep the mother's pace, dropped behind.

"Willie," asked the sister stimulated to continual chatter by the thoughts of the joyful treat, "did you manage to wash the watermark off?"

"No, I didn't," the boy replied, casting a stealthy glance at his mother, "I only moved it further down."

WHEN LANDLORDS ARE LAMB-LIKE.

His Majesty's inspector was testing the class in general knowledge.

"Now, Jads," he said gravely, "your teacher, I expect, has explained to you the meanings of most of the mottoes which apply to the months of the year. That—'If February give much snow a fine summer it doth foreshow,' and 'January, if sun appear, March and April may full dear.' But I wonder which of you can remember what comes in like a lion and goes out like a lamb?"

There was an awestruck silence for a few moments, and then a pale-looking girl said—

"Please, sir, it's our landlord when he gets his arrears paid up!"

TOO CLEVER TO BE HUMBUGGED.

Many years ago, when Londoners had not the excursion facilities for getting into the country that they enjoy now, Charley, a cockney friend, was staying at a farmhouse and soon made himself at home. Charley, with his pipe, was wandering around, closely examining the top, ends, and sides of a certain trim, well-made object fenced around in the paddock. He started at it for a little while, then shook his head dubiously.

"What are you looking for now, Charles?"

"Where's the door and windows, uncle?"

"Doors and windows! Why, that's a haystack."

"No fear, uncle you don't humbug me. Hay doesn't grew in lumps like that."

GETTING HIS OWN BACK.

An old farmer was continually being robbed of his apples which grew in an orchard adjoining his estate.

At last he ascertained from one of the villagers the names of several of the culprits, but took no proceedings in the matter.

Several days after he was on his way to the railway station carrying a large bag in his hand and meeting one of the culprits, whose name was Sammy, he saluted him with a cheery, "Good morning, Sammy," and asked him to carry the bag for him to the station.

Sammy naturally consented, expected a good reward, but judge of his disappointment when, on putting the bag down at the station, the farmer thanked him and added:—

"Now, Sammy, me and thee's straight for the apples."

THE DIFFICULT PART.

"Didn't you say six months ago that if Miss Porritt wouldn't marry you you would throw yourself into the deepest part of the sea? Now Miss Porritt married someone else three months ago and yet you haven't——"

"Oh, it's easy to talk, but let me tell you it's not such an easy matter to find the deepest part of the sea."

REMEMBERED INSTRUCTIONS.

She was a little girl and very polite. It was the first time she had been on a visit alone, and she had been carefully instructed how to behave.

"If they ask you to dine with them," papa had said, you must say, 'No, thank you; I have already dined."

It turned out just as papa had anticipated.

"Come along, Marjorie," said her little friend's father. "You must have a bite with us."

"No, thank you," said the little girl, with dignity; "I have already bitten."

SOLD OUT.

Great is the power of advertisement. A pastry-cook at a popular summer resort once found himself with a great number of stale tarts on hand. He rid himself of these tarts, and of all his fresh ones besides, by inserting the following advertisement in the local press:—

"Personal.—A young man of agreeable exterior and ample means desires to form the acquaintance of a lady. Object, matrimony. Beauty and wealth are not so much in requisition as a good character and an amiable disposition. Young ladies who may feel inclined to look with favor upon this young man are hereby asked to call at Dough's confectionery at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and, as a means of identification, to purchase and eat a tart."

A few minutes after 3 that day Dough's tart shelves were bare.

QUITE SURE.

A lady was approached by her maid, "Well, Jenny?" she asked, seeing that something was in the air.

"Please, mum, might I have the after-noon off three weeks from Wednesday?" Then, noticing an undecided look in her mistress's face, she added hastily, "I want to go to my fiance's fun'ral."

"Goodness me!" answered the lady. "Your fiance's fun'ral. Why, you don't know that he's ever going to die, let alone the date of his funeral. That is something we can't any of us be sure about when we are going to die."

"Yes'm," said the girl doubtfully; then with a triumphant note in her voice, "I'm sure about him, though, mum, 'cos he's goin' to be 'ung!"

THE LADIES' CORNER.

PARIS MODES.

It is almost a truism to say that in Paris the tailor-made is more consistently sought after than it is in England, writes our Paris lady correspondent. The quiet, dark, and perfectly tailored costume which is worn by the French woman when she takes her walks abroad is almost a uniform, and the elaborate walking toilettes which some English women adopt during the summer would be considered in the worst of taste on the other side of the Channel. As a matter of fact, a really good tailor-made costume will carry the French woman a very long way, and in spite of her frugality, which is a national characteristic, and as valuable a "don" as a taste for music or painting, even the woman who has to keep a strict eye on the sons as well as the francs prefers to purchase one reliable costume and work it as hard as the "Marchioness" in "The Old Curiosity Shop," to investing in three or even four inferior gowns. Once supplied with this basis, she has only to devote her attention to the smaller items of the toilette, and it is more than astonishing how much she can do in the matter of neck wear with a few yards of lace and a little ribbon.

BLUE SERGE AS A SPRING ASSET.

It is difficult to remember a year when the blue serge costume was so much "en evidence." Always a staunch friend to lean and fat purses alike, it makes its appearance as regularly as influenza every year. This season, however, the attention it has evoked has been greater than ever, and there is hardly a French woman in the capital who will consider her wardrobe complete without this addition. From March to the end of May the blue serge costume can always be depended upon to fill countless needs, while for the Easter migrations to the country it is a standby of the modern French woman who is addicted to long country tramps, now that to trudge over turnip fields, skirt potato patches, land put miles between herself and house is no longer the sole preoccupative and diversion of her neighbours across the Channel. Consequently, the tailors are having a very busy and stirring time of it in preparation for Easter.

BLOUSE OF GOLDEN BROWN FOULARD.

A charming model for a spring or summer serge was carried out in soft, thick-ribbed diagonal navy serge, the skirt cut a little high, and fashioned without a waistband, while it was fitted closely to the hips, and was of walking length, not touching the ground at all. Like the majority of the new models, the jupe in question was wide at the foot instead of presenting the skimpy and meagre appearance of last year's gowns, while it was allied to a blouse of golden brown foulard—of the satin-faced description—with a dark blue design, a tiny plisse being introduced at the neck, as well as a narrow navy blue tie. Over it was worn a long basqued coat, meeting over the bust, and cut away at the sides to show the front of the skirt, while the long sleeves were set into the shoulder without the least suspicion of gathers. A special feature, which deserves mention as representing an important point in the tailor-mades of to-day, is the fact that for the doublure the same foulard was chosen as that of the skirt. The coat was fastened with gold buttons, while the "buttonhole" consisted of loops of soft black satin, which likewise piped the edge of the front, and covered the seams at the back. Two lines of this piping were, besides, laid round the foot of the skirt, one above the other, and a single line marked the left of the back where it fastened.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SIMLA, APRIL 20.

Rain has occurred over a large part of Northern India, the chief falls above Quetta, half an inch, Sambhar, half. Kotah, three quarters; Neemuch, Saugor, Nowgong, Mainpuri and Pendra, quarter; Cawnpore, Chanda and Jubbulpore, half; Raipur, three quarters; Sambalpur, two; Chaibassa, Cuttack, three quarters; False Point, one; Bogra, half; Darjeeling, three quarters; Maymyo, half Mergui, one and a half.

The depression in the North-west of India remains well marked and there has been little change in general weather conditions. Skies are heavily clouded in Baluchistan, Rajputana the United Provinces, and parts of Nort-heast India, and light to moderate clouds extend over the greater part of the rest of the country.

Temperature remains abnormally low in Northern India, and as many stations in the United Provinces and East of Central India still record maximum temperatures more than 20 degrees below normal. The air remains much damper than usual in the area of yesterday's rainfall, but in the rest of the country humidity is nearly normal.

Forecast—Thunderstorms are probable over Rajputans, the United Provinces, the Central parts of the country and North-east India, but they are not likely to be so numerous as during the past 24 hours.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 20TH APRIL.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 20th April, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies continue moderately to heavily clouded expect at Sirsa, where they are clear. Hum

BY THE WAY

THE CALENDAR OF OMAR KHAYYAM.

Thanks to the beautiful, though exceedingly free, translation by Edward FitzGerald—the centenary of whose birth occurred a few weeks ago—everyone knows, at least by name, the "Rubaiyat" of Omar Khayyam, but few are aware that the Persian philosopher-poet of the eleventh century was also an astronomer of no mean attainments and gave Persia a calendar which still remains the most accurate ever devised. The mean year of the Julian Calendar (still used by Russia and countries in communion with the Greek Church) exceeds the solar year by more than 11 minutes, which big error was, by the Gregorian Calendar, reduced to a yearly excess of only 24 seconds. The calendar of Omar Khayyam, however, by a system of irregularly intercalated days over a cycle of about 130 years, maintains almost perfect agreement between the solar year and the mean civil year.

FITZGERALD'S BOOKS AND PICTURES.

"A poor devil who is rather too well off" was the description of himself given by Edward Fitzgerald in writing to his friend W. F. Pollock; and the leisure which such circumstances afford was spent not only sailing with his strange friend and partner "Posh," but in collecting pictures and books. Of the former Sir Joshua was the painter, he seemed chiefly to favour. In the latter he pasted his book-plate, which was designed for him by W. M. Thackeray; and among his treasures were a second and third folio Shakespeare, which he purchased in 1834. But, as Mr. Bernard Quaritch has said, he denied himself a place in the exclusive inner circles of book collectors by buying to read.

THE LATE MR. READER HARRIS, Q.C.

For a time the late Mr. Reader Harris, Q.C., was an agnostic, and he himself often told how the seeds of scepticism were sown by a clergyman: At eighteen (he said) I came under a deep wave of conviction. I went to an evangelical clergyman, who advised me to be confirmed. I asked him questions about the Sermon on the Mount; he told me it was an ideal that I could never reach. I asked him whether Matt. v. 48, "Be ye therefore perfect, as your Father in Heaven is perfect," was a command. Yes he said but not for young fellows of eighteen. Did it apply to a vicar? He said it was not for me to inquire. I was confirmed, but the religious conviction seemed to pass away. He became an agnostic, but a little book by Dr. H. G. C. Moule, of Ridley Hall, Cambridge, turned the current of his thoughts and changed his outlook upon life entirely.

WHERE THE "ANGEL IN THE HOUSE" IS BURIED.

In Hendon Churchyard, is to be seen the tomb of the "Angel in the House." The present monument was erected about 1862, and bears the inscription, "Emily, wife of Conventry Patmore." It replaced the original one referred to in the following extract from a biographical sketch written by her daughter Emily Honoria, at the age of sixteen: "Her grave is in Hendon Cemetery. If ever you go there, look for it; it is a cross . . . with E. P. and the date of her death, a lily, a crown with a star on each point. . . . The letters are in colours, and the lily and crown in pure white."

DE LESSEPS' ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.

Sir Henry Brackenbury tells in "Blackwood's Magazine" the story of the romantic marriage of M. de Lesseps. A Frenchman living in Reunion, was compelled by the illness of his wife to take her to France. He sailed with his wife and two young daughters, but the wife died on the voyage. Some time afterwards the Frenchman called on M. de Lesseps, told him of his misfortunes and of his sufferings on the long sea voyage, and expressed the wish to dedicate the remainder of his life to the furtherance of the construction of the Suez Canal. Lesseps gave him an appointment at Ismailia, and employment was found in one of the workshops there for his daughters.

A WISH GRANTED.

One day Lesseps was visiting the atelier, when his attention was attracted by these two girls, with whom he entered into conversation. He came again the next day, and gave to each of them a flower, saying that they should frame a wish last thing at night, and that if in the morning they found the flowers had opened their wishes would be granted. Next morning he came back to the atelier, and found one of the girls, smiling, the other in tears. He asked the cause of her sadness. "My flower has not opened," she replied. "Tell me your wish, that, if possible, it may be granted." "Ah, to you least of all men can I tell it," was her answer. Lesseps married her, and so her wish was granted.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

With no news of Halley's comet, that we can hardly expect that, if it should turn up in 1910 after its absence of seventy-five years, it will be a very conspicuous object. For some months the part of the sky through which it should be moving now has been photographed almost nightly with powerful telescopes, which would record its presence months before it could be seen visually, even with a telescope, but nothing has been discovered. After this month that region will be too near the sun to be searched, and not until the autumn will another opportunity present itself to look for the comet.

A QUESTION OF TERMINOLOGY.

As I study the book
Of the nation's affairs
'Tis a querying look
That my countenance wears:
Must we speak of precautions as "panics,"
Of measures of safety as "scares"?

And the reason I set
Out this problem profound
Is that lately I met,
In a train underground,
An old party who openly told me,
He thought me a pitiful hound.

I had merely remarked
That I thought 'twould be well
If our country embarked
On some scheme that would tell
All the neighbouring nations her naval
Defences were sound as a bell.

I had simply declared
As we neared Charing Cross,
That to be unprepared
Were to court certain loss,
And the whole of the freedom we've fought for
Straight into the ocean to toss.

I had added that if
We would safeguard our shores,
Though the price may be stiff,
We want "Dreadnoughts" in scores,
And that no one would grudge a few millons,
To beat back the foe from our doors.

The result of my views
Left me petrified quite,
And I flatly refuse
All his comments to write,
But I heard myself called a poltroon and
Was told that my liver was white.

In the harshest of terms
I was told at Earl's Court
That all people were worms
Of the puniest sort
Who demanded a Navy sufficient
An enemy's purpose to thwart.

I was told that I cringed,
That I shivered with fear,
That my mind was unhinged
(Very likely by beer),
And that cautious concern for one's country
Could obviously not be sincere.

So intensely irate
Fell the words from his lips
That I sat in a state
Of the direst eclipse,
And I'll hesitate long in the future
Ere claiming that navies need ships.

So in conning the book
Of the nation's affairs
'Tis a querying look
That my countenance wears:
"Must" we speak of precautions as "panics,"
Of measures of safety as "scares"?

(Mostyn T. Pigott in the "World.")

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First month. Second month. Third month.

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THE TYRE PAR EXCELLENCE over ALL ROADS IN ALL SEASONS.
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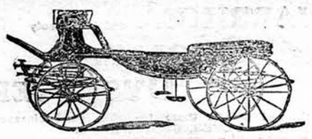

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The name of "Everyman's," applied by Messrs. Dent to their "Library," is an obviously suitable one for a collection that is so extensive and various that, one thinks, even those who, like Loti, can say of themselves, "Je ne lis jamais," must find in it books after their own heart. But a couplet printed twice in every volume is a perpetual reminder that the title is derivative. The lines, Everyman, I will go with thee and be thy guide, In thy most need to go by thy side, are very fitly taken from the slips of "Knowledge" in the Morality Play of "Everyman." That play, along with nine other Moralities and Mysteries, is now published in what will be to many one of the most interesting and curious volumes of the whole series. For readers of antiquarian tastes it throws open a wicket upon a whole goldfield of research, while it is brimful of inherent literary charm, and will convince the general reader that, even in its cradle, the infant English drama gave promise of developing into a Hercules.

HUMOUR IN A NATIVITY PLAY.

"Everyman" is pretty well known already, and abundantly answered a question that was perpetually on the tongue-tip of those who knew of the Morality Plays only by hearsay—how it was possible to excite the passions of pity and terror by representations in which the characters were for the most part abstractions and personifications. Its "dramatis personæ," including such names as "Goods" "Good-deeds," "Five-wits" and "Confession," and "Everyman" himself is rather Human Nature than an individual. Yet the whole strangely stirs and agitates, and Mr. Rhys truly says that the writer must have been "a man of profound imagination and of the tenderest human soul conceivable. In some of the comedies, on the other hand, the characters are even startlingly realistic. That is the case with regard to the "Wakefield Second Shepherds "Play". Here the three shepherds of the Nativity are not the sanitary men with Druidic beards with which Sunday school prizes familiarise the mind of pious infancy, but rough labourers from the Yorkshire pastures, with benumed fingers and feet that freeze within their clouted shoon. They, have their grievances too against the taxes and the oppression of the agents of their superiors —and one of them is a little overmarried. Their experience with a sheepstealer is the central incident of the piece, and the story, full of the hearty old Chaucerian humour, is dramatised in a fashion that so excellently brings out just those points at which a popular audience would shout with laughter as to shew the unknown author to have had a clever a hand at stage-craft as he had a genius full of the "vis comica." That an incident bordering upon farce should occur in a Nativity play is characteristic of those times, and the same spirit of realism occurs in the scene in the cave. There the shepherds bring their little presents—a "bob" of cherries, a bird, and a ball—and all due reverence for incarnate Deity blends perfectly naturally with the exquisite fatherly tenderness with which these ragged men salute the beautiful child laughing and crowing on his mother's knee. Many readers will add to their rosary a bead on behalf of Mr. Ernest Rhys for this volume.

A COMPLETE "WALDEN."

An inspection of the manuscript of "Walden" has revealed the fact that some twelve thousand words of that work remain unprinted, and many will welcome the prospect of a complete edition. Thoreau, it must be admitted, is, with many people, at least a partial aversion. Stevenson, it will be remembered, found him at heart a "prig" and a "skulker." He imitated Emerson, "insisted on nibbling his asparagus at the wrong end," and allowed the imitation to pass into his manner. "I met Thoreau last night," wrote Lowell, then a boy of nineteen, "and it was exquisitely amusing to see how he imitates Emerson's tone and manner. With my eyes shut I should not know them apart." Moreover, there enters a "sentiment of diminution" into the admirable description which Holmes gives of the Thoreau whom we meet in "Walden." He speaks of him as "that unique individual half college graduate, half Algon quin, the Robinson Crusoe of Walden pond, who carried out a schoolboy whim to its full proportions and has told the story of Nature in undress as only one who had hidden in her bedroom could have told it." Nevertheless there is at times an individual note of so curious a sort in Thoreau that it is only by an ace that he has escaped being one of those minor authors who, like Borrow and Peacock, become the centre of a small cult. His knowledge of woodcraft was astonishing. "Thoreau," says someone, "had a pair of eyes which like those of the Indian deity, could see the smallest emmet on the blackest stone in the darkest night—or came nearer to seeing it than those of most mortals." Moreover, he could often clothe his perceptions in wonderfully imaginative speech, and when he philosophises his very conceits and inconsequences come to have a charm, so that it will be long before such a piece of pretty nonsense as the following will cease to tickle the ear of the literary epicurean not too curious after "meaning":—"Time is but the stream I go a fishing in. I drink at it; but while I drink I see the sandy bottom and detect how shallow it is. Its thin current slides away, but eternity remains. I would drink deeper; fish in the sky, whose bottom is pebbly with stars. I cannot count one. I know not the first letter of the alphabet. I have always been regretting that I was not as wise as the day I was born."

DE QUINCEY AND HIS FAD FOR PRINT.

A writer in the "Outlook" has been pleading for a "destructible book." He complains that there are books whose life is only for a day, yet they are so bound that you cannot break their backs and drop them into the waste-paper basket. Fire will not burn nor water drown them, and if you drop them they are sure to be returned to you as valueable property. He therefore suggests that such books should be issued in paper covers at a low price. This, however, is to leave out of account those numerous readers for whom printed matter is as sacred as, in the eyes of a Turk, a scrap of paper is on which the name of Allah may be written. De Quincey was one of those. It is known how he would not suffer the destruction of book or newspaper, but allowed them to accumulate until he was "snowed up" by them. He then migrated to a new lodging, to be, in time, snowed up there also, so that he sometimes had on his hands half-a-dozen lodgings in the same city at the same time. No doubt his experience was that there was nothing he ever read, but circumstances might arise making it desirable to refer to the page on which he read it. But what he did from utility others do from sentiment. To them a book is a book, and that is the next to being a human being, and they feel they would require the heart of a Brutus to destroy it. Besides they have an ingenious method of getting rid of a superfluous book without destruction. They lend it to a friend. If it is interesting he is sure to pass it on to another, and it goes on a tour from hand to hand. If, on the other hand, it is not interesting the friend lays it aside and forgets all about it. In either case the original proprietor sees it no more.

LOVE-LETTERS OF THE CARLYLES.

Apropos of the publication of the love-letters of the Carlyles, a correspondent writes:—"There is in my possession a short note written by Carlyle's niece in 1871 to the editor of 'Grabb Robinson's Diary' In answer to a request for permission to publish one of Carlyle's letters. It runs as follows: 'In reply to your note which Mr. Carlyle received yesterday morning, he bids me say, as you are so kind as to consult his wishes on the subject that, although the letter to Mr. Robinson is of no moment he would much prefer that it should not be published as he has a great objection to have his private letters made public to the world.' Those words may be left in their simplicity and directness, without further comment, to point their own moral."

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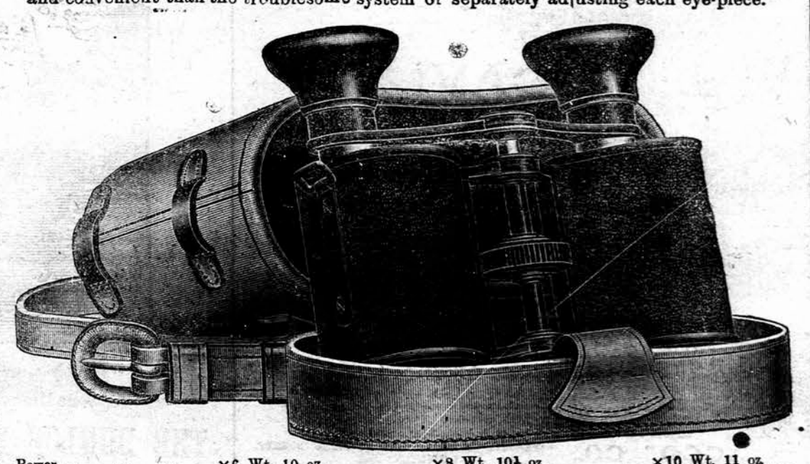

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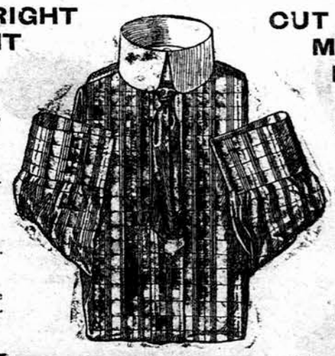

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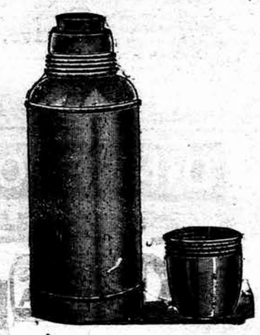

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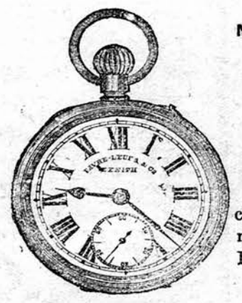

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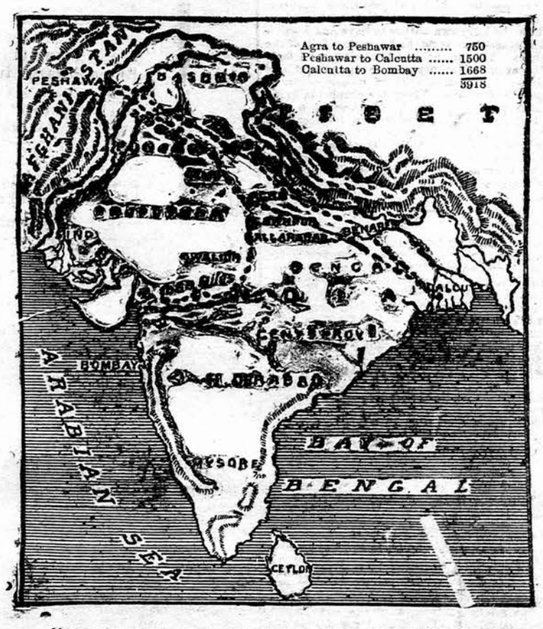

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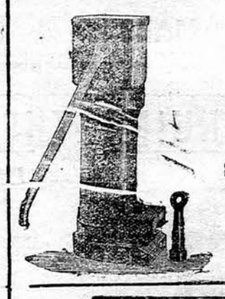

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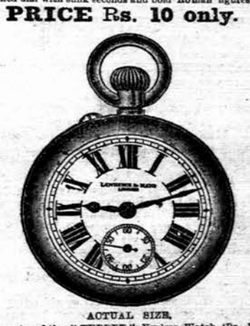

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